THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,

PUBLISHED BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,

AT GAZETTE BUILDING,

No. 86 Fifth Street.

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JOSIAH KING NELSON P. REED, } Business Manag'rs.

TERMS:

Single Copies ..... 3 cents.
Delivered by carrier, (per week)..... 15 cents.
Mail Subscribers, (per year)..... $5.00.
Liberal reductions to Newsboys and Agents.

TERMS FOR WEEKLY:

Three Copies, per year, by mail..... $1 50
Five do. do. each..... 1 25
Ten or more copies, to one address, and one free to club, each..... 1 15

CITY ITEMS.

Macallister

At Masonic Hall to-night.

10 Good Second-Hand Pianos,

For sale or rent at low prices, at Charlotte Blume's Music Store, 43 Fifth street.

Bill Shakspeare and Cassius.

"Let me have men about me that are fat, sleek headed men—Yon Cassius has a lean and hungry look; such men are dangerous." So said Shakspeare. Now Cassius, like many another simple man, was slim because he knew not how to appreciate good living. If he were living to-day he would not be reproached because lean, for at Holtzheimer's Continental Saloon, he would repair like all sensible men do, and partake of the splendidly gotten up meals and be as sleek and fat as his tormentor. Cassius would appreciate Holtzheimer's bill of fare and would be one of the numerous patrons who throng this popular restaurant day and night. As Cassius is dead, we can only advise lean men like him to patronize no other restaurant than the Continental, next door to the Post office Fifth street, unless they want to keep lean and spare-boned.

Macallister

At Masonic Hall to-night.

To Housekeepers.

Good Tomatoes at 30 cents per can.
Strawberries at 40 cents.
Blackberries at 40 cents.
Peaches at 50 cents.
Peach Marmalade at 50 cents.
Peach Jam at 50 cents.
Good Raisins at 12½ cents per pound.
Good Pruned at 25 cents per pound.
Good Currants at 22 cents per pound.
At H2 Federal street, Allegheny City.

GEO. BEAVEN.

Macallister

At Masonic Hall to-night.

Children Having Worms.

Require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness Brown's "Vermifuge Comfits" are a simple remedy, and will destroy worms without injury to the child.

Sole agent for Pittsburgh, Joseph Fleming, Druggist, No. 84 Market street.

Macallister

At Masonic Hall to-night.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 129, 131, 133 and 135 First street, Pittsburgh.

You Can Buy

28 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy

New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

Macallister

At Masonic Hall to-night.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Fenians Very Sanguine—The China Steamship Line—Rates of Fire Insurance.

NEW YORK, February 19, 1867.

'TIS AN ILL WIND THAT BLOWS NO ONE GOOD.

The Fenians of this city are still sanguine of a speedy struggle with the government of England. The discouraging news of yesterday gave but a slight shock to their ardent expectations. It is being talked of quite actively at the Fenian headquarters, enrolling volunteers and *receiving donations*. A meeting of the leaders was held last evening in front of the headquarters.

THE CHINA STEAMSHIP LINE.

A cable Telegram announces the arrival of the steamship Colorado, from San Francisco at Yokahoma, on the 2d and at Hong Kong, on the 30th of January.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

The Anniversary of Washington's birth will be observed as a holiday here. Public business, and to a large extent private business, will be suspended.

FIRE INSURANCE.

The Executive Committee of the National Board of Underwriters, to-day, presented a report in favor of increasing the rates of insurance, which will be submitted to a convention of the delegates of all the companies to-morrow.

ARRIVAL OF R. R. CUYLER.

The steamship R. R. Cuyler has been bonded in $200,000, and it is expected will soon sail for Lagnayra.

Amusements.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.—Miss Charlotte Thompson who is deservedly a great favorite with the theatre goers, was greeted last evening by a large and fashionable audience. Her rendition of Pauline in the Lady of Lyons was chaste and elegant, showing deep study and keen interpretation of the character. She was ably supported by the stock company of the Opera House. Mr. Leake's Claude Melnotte and Mr. Ward's Col. Dumas were specially worthy of notice. To-night Miss Thompson will appear in "Camille, or the fate of a Coquette," and will doubtless be greeted by a large audience.

UNIVERSALIST FAIR.—The fair and festival at City Hall still continues in the full tide of success. To-night the grand piano will be disposed of, together with a fine silver tea sett, and many other articles of beauty and utility. Mr. Engler, the renowned magician, and Mr. Bonfort, will delight the patrons of the fair with his marvellous performances, and will be present this evening without fail. To-morrow evening will close this fair, and a festival re-union of the friends of the fair will be held. On that evening it will be necessary to hold cards of invitation from the managers. The price of admission with supper, will be two dollars.

MASONIC HALL.—The immense houses which the great wizard and magician, Prof. Macallister, draws are ample evidence of his ability to please and fascinate the people with his wonderful tricks in legerdemain. There are none better traveling than Macallister, and his mighty efforts in the pleasure of seeing him perform his great feats of magic. One hundred presents are given away each night.

THEATRICALS.—This evening at this popular place of amusement, the pugulistic champion and versatile performer, Sam. Lolyser, and his talented pupils Dan and Eddie make their first appearance before a Pittsburgh audience. The attractions offered at this place of amusement are better now than they have ever been heretofore.

Manchester Councils.

A special meeting of the Manchester Councils was held on Monday evening. The second section of the proposed annexation bill was amended to read as follows:

Section 2. That all real and personal property of every nature and kind whatsoever, all lands assessed and taxed, moneys, and all monies, debts, or choses in action or other rights whatsoever, now held and possessed by said borough, or to which the same by executory contracts, or in any wise pertaining to and belonging to said borough are hereby transferred, vested and vested in the city of Allegheny; and all the liabilities and indebtedness of said borough are hereby imposed upon and declared to be assumed by the said city of Allegheny, and said indebtedness and liabilities shall be paid, discharged and performed without diminution or abatement by the same.

Mr. Ross made the following statement of the borough finances:

Bonds due April 1st, 1867, and int...		$ 3,000 00
" " July 1st, 1871 " " ...		9,500 00
" " May, 1867 " " ...		10,000 00
" " " 1867 " " ...		1,000 00
" " " 1867 " " ...		1,000 00
Old bonds, part of which are paid,		963 79
		$25,963 79
Balance in Treasury when audited.....	$8,389 15	
Amount tax uncollected on duplicate.....	7,938 78	$13,327 94
Balance.....		$11,735 79

A citizens' meeting was organized after the adjournment of Councils.

Interesting Publication.—The *Herald* job printing office of Titusville, Pa., sends us a *verbatim* report of the trial of C. A. Culver and J. S. Austin, upon complaint of John Duffield, representing the Venango National Bank. It is highly interesting as a legal document and history of the Culver failure. Send for a copy to the *Herald*.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXII.---NO. 43 PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM EUROPE.

The Revolt in Ireland at an End.

THREATENED SEVERITY TOWARDS PRISONERS.

John Bright on the Ministerial Plan of Reform.

EXPRESS FROM LONDON TO PEKIN.

THE REVOLT IN IRELAND.

LONDON, February 19.—*Noon.*—All armed Fenians in Kerry county have disappeared. None have been captured. The peasantry are willing to give intelligence, but object to assist in arresting Fenians.

There are three ships of war in Kenmare river. Earl Derby officially announces that the alarm is passed, and that the peasants are loyal. The Government will treat prisoners justly, and, if necessary, severely.

Lord NAAS, Secretary for Ireland, says no more rising is apprehended. There were only one hundred and twenty engaged in the late revolt.

The Government is still sending troops to Ireland.

JOHN BRIGHT ON THE DERBY PLAN OF REFORM.

LONDON, February 19—*Evening.*—John Bright denounces, in strong terms, the plan of reform proposed by the Derby Government, and urges the continued agitation of the question by the masses.

AN EXPRESS TO PEKIN.

A weekly telegraph and express line combined, is now open to Tentsin, the port of Pekin, China. The time occupied in the transmission of a message from London to Tentsin is now reduced to twelve days.

STEAMER DETENTION.

LIVERPOOL, February 19—*Evening.*—All the passengers of the steamer Borussia, together with the mails and parcels, have been forwarded from Falmouth to Southampton, where they will be put on board the steamer Teutonia, which leaves tomorrow for New York.

ITALIAN ELECTIONS.

FLORENCE, February 19.—Vigorous preparations are being made by all parties for the approaching election for a new Parliament, and much excitement is shown in consequence throughout the kingdom.

WAR IN SOUTH AMERICA.

LISBON, February 19.—By the arrival of the mail steamer from Rio Janiero, news has been received that the Brazilian fleet had bombarded Curupatih. The result is not stated. The whole fleet subsequently sailed for Humaita.

LIVERPOOL, February 19.—The steamer City of Paris, from New York, arrived at Queenstown last evening. The steamer Bavaria, from Hamburg for New York, subsequently spoken at sea disabled, arrived to-day at Falmouth, England. Passengers well.

COLONIAL FEDERATION.

LONDON, February 19.—A bill for the confederation of the British Provinces in North America has been read twice in Parliament.

REFORMS IN CUBA.

MADRID, February 19.—The Spanish government is about to inaugurate a series of reforms in the administration of the island of Cuba. One new measure will be the substitution of an income tax of eight per cent., to replace the existing heavy tax on coal and industry.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, February 19—*Evening.*—Cotton quiet and closed unchanged, at 12d for middling uplands; middling Orleans, 12½d. Sales 8,000 bales. The Manchester market for goods and yarns is dull and depressed. Breadstuffs firm. Corn at 29s for mixed western. Oats, Canadas and American at 3s 3d per 45 pounds. Provisions, generally firm. American Lard unchanged, at 58s 6 per cwt. Pork—Prime Spirits of Turpentine is quoted at 37s 6d per 100 lbs; Linseed cakes, per 180 lbs, 13s. Petroleum unchanged.

LONDON, February 19—*Evening.*—Consols closed at 91; 5-20's, 74; Illinois Central, 78; Erie, 39¾.

FRANKFORT, February 19—*Evening.*—U. S. Bonds, 77½.

PARIS, February 19—*Evening.*—American Bonds, 83¾.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

WASHINGTON, February 19, 1867.

SENATE.

TENURE OF OFFICE.

The CLERK of the House announced the agreement of the House to the report of the Conference Committee on the bill to regulate the tenure of office. It now goes to the President.

MINISTER TO PORTUGAL.

Mr. SUMNER offered a resolution calling on the President to inform the Senate if there has been any correspondence between the Department of State and the Minister Resident at Portugal, with reference to his compensation; also, to inform the Senate if such Minister received any compensation for his services at Portugal in addition to his salary, and if so, how much; also, to inform the Senate if such Minister received any compensation for his services at the act of last summer denying him such compensation; and if so, out of what fund. Agreed to.

SAFETY OF LIFE ON STEAM VESSELS.

The bill amendatory to the act to provide for the safety of the lives of passengers on board steam vessels, and to regulate the salaries of steamboat inspectors, and for other purposes, was passed.

RESTORED TO DUTY.

The bill to restore Lieutenant Commander L. Breeze, of the navy, to the active list was passed.

THE RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The Clerk of the house announced the action of the House on the bill to provide for the more efficient government of the insurrectionary States.

Mr. WILLIAMS moved that the Senate insist on its amendments to the Reconstruction bill, and agreed to a Conference Committee called for by the House.

Quite a lengthy debate ensued. Mr. CONNESS thought this a too important bill to trust to a Conference Committee. The difference between the two Houses was a fundamental one. He should object to any compromise.

Mr. WILLIAMS favored a Conference Committee. If the report was not satisfactory it could be voted down.

Mr. SUMNER advocated a Committee as the only way of accomplishing the desired result.

Mr. POMEROY did not think it possible to pass an acceptable bill at this stage of the session, with or without a Conference Committee.

Mr. SHERMAN would, under ordinary circumstances, call for a Committee of Conference; but it was known that the opposition to the Senate amendment in this case was not to be reconciled without surrendering the principles upon which the bill was framed. Opposition to the bill came from two extreme views in the House; one asserting the rebel States were now entitled to representation, and the other believing the terms of the bill too liberal. He did not see how a Conference Committee could settle this difference, and thought it best for the Senate to insist still further on its amendment, and give the House another opportunity to agree with the Senate.

Mr. HENDRICKS wished to say that he did not desire the President to take advantage of the ten days allowed, to defeat this bill. He did not think there was any reason to believe the President would decline to act if he had time allowed him to do so. He desired this question to go to the country and to be fairly and nobly met. He should not agree to a Committee of Conference. The names of the Committee, on the part of the House, did not justify him in the hope that anything like the Senate's proposition would be the result of the Conferences.

Mr. POMEROY repeated his belief that the bill could not become a law this session, either through a Conference Committee or any other means.

Mr. LANE could not agree to a Conference Committee, because the points at issue between the two houses were elemental and fundamental principles, which he was unwilling to abandon. He would not agree to the Blaine amendment.

Mr. FESSENDEN said the bill failed in the House, as he understood it, because the Blaine amendment, as redrawn, was thought not to afford sufficient protection to loyal men. This could be remedied by a Conference Committee. He concurred in the belief that the amendment did not go far enough in safeguards. He preferred the military bill as it came from the House, and was unwilling to take the responsibility of insisting on the Senate amendment, as it might defeat the bill.

Mr. HOWARD regretted that Mr. Fessenden had not stated his objection to the Blaine amendment while the bill was under discussion in the Senate. He (Howard) was unwilling to trust this important subject to a Committee of Conference. Such a measure ought to be settled by the two houses in open session. There should be no compromising, no trafficing, such as the best men are sometimes liable to engage in, in a Committee of Conference.

Mr. FESSENDEN said as to his withholding his objection to the Blaine amendment, it was a fair understanding that there would be no debate on the Republican side. True, he had expressed the opinion since the bill passed the Senate that it did not altogether meet his approval, and could be improved on in Committee of Conference. This was a right with which his party obligations did not interfere. The Senators from Ohio (Wade) and Michigan (Howard) were bitterly opposed to the Blaine amendment when first introduced.

Mr. HOWARD said it was not true he was opposed to the Blaine amendment, as it was incorporated in the Sherman bill. He voted for it while Mr. Fessenden was quietly asleep in his lodgings, paired off, thus avoiding the vote.

Mr. FESSENDEN explained that he was absent when the vote was taken; that he had paired off, and had been sick and retired from the chamber by the advice of his friends. The gentleman from Michigan (Howard) had no right to infer, in this way, and glorify himself for staying here.

Mr. HOWARD replied that he had not been aware of the Senator's sickness. He remained in his seat because he was well and voted for the measure. This was the extent of his offense.

Mr. WADE believed this too grave a matter to leave at this stage of the session to a Committee of Conference. He did not like some things said by Mr. Fessenden; that he was present while that debate went on, and that there were principles in it objectionable to him, yet he would not express his opposition so late in the session, lest he should have stated his objections and presented a remedy. He did not like this way of doing business in the Senate. He did not like to see men fail to make their opposition to a bill apparent.

Mr. FESSENDEN replied to Mr. Wade.

Mr. BROWN opposed a Conference Committee. The subject was too grave in importance to consent to that.

Mr. WILLIAMS said he waited month after month, that more experienced legislators might bring forward something on reconstruction, but being disappointed, he introduced the bill. His object was to try to afford military protection, and provide for reconstruction afterwards.

Mr. WILLIAMS withdrew his motion to appoint a conference committee.

Mr. SHERMAN moved that the Senate insist upon its amendment.

Mr. TRUMBULL did not regard the bill as it came from the House, of the slightest importance. The 14th section of the act amendatory of the act establishing the Freedmen's Bureau, provided for just as much military control of the south as the military bill. It made it the duty of the President to protest Union men, black and white in every right, and in the enjoyment of every liberty. If this had not been done already it was useless to repeal a law already on the statute book. He thought something else beside this ought to be incorporated in the new bill, and he, therefore, favored the Blaine amendment. He thought it contained every thing required as a guarantee. He was opposed to a Conference Committee. He also alluded to the Freedmen's Bureau. Though it was true that General Howard was at its head, the President had issued orders frequently, when he or his subordinates attempted to punish crime in the south. The President had recently pardoned the murderer of a negro in Virginia, and had pardoned 1 other criminals on the recommendation of rebel Governors.

Mr. SUMNER said with what Mr. Trumbull said about the Executive. The great difficulty of the present moment arose from the bad man in the Executive chair.

Mr. SHERMAN said this bill contained all that Mr. Sumner and his friends had ever claimed. It reinforced the bayonet with the ballot to every black man in the South; but now it was objected that it did not distinguish between the white. The people of Ohio did not demand such disfranchisement. This Congress would never agree to it. The bill disfranchises leading rebels of the South, under the Constitutional amendment, and was not that enough? He thought it as much as a generous people had the right to demand. The bill as it came from was made to defeat such a bill. He felt justified in characterizing the opposition to unjust and unwise legislation. He desired to be satisfied without further exactions from the late rebels. They had lost their property; their friends; and they had their field dear, and the people of the North did not demand their disfranchisement. If they rejected the terms offered in this bill, Congress could erect State governments with negro votes alone; but at present there was no necessity for such extreme measures. If we could not agree to reach the South to-day, he would implore the people to accept these terms.

Mr. WILSON appealed to the Senate to take a vote and decide the fate of the bill. He hoped it would go back to the House and be passed, or amended so it could be concurred in here.

Mr. COWAN made an argument to show that the Southern States bore a legal existence. He defied Mr. Trumbull to show that the President had failed to carry out the provisions of the freedmen's bill for their protection.

After further debate the Senate insisted upon its amendment, and took a recess.

Evening Session.—The CHAIR submitted the response of the President to the resolution of enquiry in regard to the execution of the Civil Rights bill are known, and if so, what has been done to bring offenders to justice; also, a communication from the President on the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty. Both were ordered to be printed.

BILLS PASSED.

The bill to abolish and forever prohibit peonage in New Mexico was passed.

A bill was passed that regular army officers shall have the highest rank they held in the volunteer service.

A bill was passed giving $200 to drafted men who found substitutes, were again drafted and went into the service.

The bill for increased pay, for two years, from 1st of July next, to army officers below the rank of Major General, and continuing in force three years from August 20th last, the act for increased pay to soldiers in the army, &c., was passed.

Among its provisions is one prohibiting whipping or maiming of persons as punishment, and another for the abolishment of all militia in said States.

An amendment was adopted that the increase of pay to officers shall date from July, 1866, instead of 1867.

The section for the disbandment of the militia in the United States was stricken out, and the bill passed.

Several private bills were passed; as also the bill giving imprisonment by sets abolishing imprisonment for debt.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

House met at 11 o'clock.

FOOD FOR THE SOUTH.

Mr. BANKS asked leave to introduce a joint resolution directing the assignment of a naval vessel to carry supplies of food and clothing to Charleston, Savannah and Mobile, for the use of the destitute people of the South.

Mr. SPALDING objected at present, as it might occasion debate.

THE RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The House then proceeded to consider the act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and by a vote of 73 against 36 refused to concur in the Senate amendment, the Democrats all voting in the negative. The vote was as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Ailey, Allison, Ames, Anderson, Ashley, (Ohio,) Baker, Baldwin, Barker, Benjamin, Bidwell, Bingham, Blaine, Blow, Buckland, Bundy, Clark, (O.) Cooke, Cullom, Darling, Dawes, Deweese, Defrees, Delano, Deming, Dodge, Eggleston, Farnsworth, Ferry, Griswold, Hart, Hill, Hooper, Hubbard, (West Va.) Hubbard, (O.) Hulburd, Kasson, Ketchum, Laffin, Lawrence, (Pa.) Lawrence, (O.) Longyear, Marvin, Maynard, McIndoe, McKee, McRuer, Miller, Moorhead, Morrill, Mullins, Patterson, Pomeroy, Price, Raymond, Rice, (Mass.) Rice, (Maine) Rollins, Rosseau, Schenck, Spalding, Stillwell, Taylor, (Tenn.) Thayer, Francis Thomas, Thos. L. Thomas, Upson, Van Horn, (N.Y.) Washburne, Mass., Walker, Whalley, Wilson, (Iowa,) Woodbridge—73.

Nays—Messrs. Ancona, Arnell, Ashley, of Ohio, Banks, Baxter, Beaman, Bergan, Boutwell, Boyer, Brandegee, Brooks, Brown, Campbell, Chandler, Clarke, Cobb, Cooper, Dawson, Dennison, Donnelly, Driggs, Dumont, Eldridge, Eliot, Farquhar, Fields, Garfield, Grinnell, Hardy, (Ill.) Harding, (Ill.) Harris, Hawkins, Hays, Henderson, Higby, Hise, Hogan, Hotchkiss, Hubbard, (N. J.) Humphreys, Hunter, Hurlbut, Ingersoll, Jenckes, Jones, Judd, Ingersoll, Julian, Kern, Kelly, Kelso, Koontz, Kuykendall, Latham, Le Blond, Loan, Loughridge, Marshall, McCulloch, Mercer, Moulton, Myers, Newell, Niblack, Nicholson, O'Neil, Paine, Perham, Phelps, Pike, Radford, Randall, (Pa.) Ritter, Rogers, Ross, Sawyer, Scofield, Shanklin, Shellabargar, Sitgreaves, Sloan, Starr, Stevens, Stokes, Taber, Taylor, N. N. Thomas, Trimble, Trowbridge, Van Aernam, Van Horn, Mo., Ward, (Ky.) Ward, (N. Y.) Warner, Wentworth, Williams, Wilson, (Pa.) Windom and Wright—92.

The House then agreed to appoint a Committee of Conference, and Messrs. Stevens, Shellabarger and Blaine were appointed.

TENURE OF OFFICE.

Mr. SCHENCK, from the Committee of Conference on the bill to regulate the tenure of office, made a report, the same as was acted on in the Senate yesterday. It was agreed to by 113 against 10—a strict party vote.

INDIAN APPROPRIATION BILL.

The Indian appropriation bill was considered and passed.

EXECUTIVE REPORTS.

The SPEAKER presented a message from the President, transmitting the report from the Secretary of State, as to the States which had ratified the Constitutional amendment since the last report furnished, viz: Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, and New York.

Also, a telegraphic dispatch from Amsterdam, N. Y., announcing the death of Samuel Downing, the last surviving soldier of the revolutionary war, yesterday, at Edinburg, Saratoga county. The announcement was entered on the Journal of the House.

THE MILITIA BILL.

The House considered the bill to provide for organizing armies and equipping the militia, which Mr. HARDING explained.

Mr. HOSS expressed the hope that it would go over to next session.

Mr. PAINE, who had the bill in charge, declined to adopt the suggestion.

Mr. ELDRIDGE moved to table it—negatived as against 113. The bill went over till to-morrow.

CONGRESSIONAL PRINTER.

The Senate amendments to the House bill for the election of Congressional printer, providing that his election be by the Senate, were concurred in.

ARMY APPROPRIATION BILL.

The post route bill was passed, and the House went into Committee of the Whole on the army appropriation bill, amounting to $25,000,000, a section of which provides that the General in Chief shall have his headquarters at Washington and not be assigned to duty elsewhere, without the approval of the Senate; and orders given to the contrary to be considered a misdemeanor in office, and any officer who shall transmit or obey such orders, liable to imprisonment for not less than two nor more than thirty years. This provoked opposition from the Democrats. Without any conclusion on it, the House took a recess.

Evening Session.—The Secretary of the Senate delivered a message stating that the Senate had concurred in the amendment to the Military Government bill.

RAILROAD MAIL SERVICE.

On motion of Mr. O'NEIL, the Postmaster General was directed to report what re-adjustment of compensation for mail service by Railroads is necessary to equalize more fairly such compensation.

RESIGNED THE MISSOURI.

Mr. DEMING asked leave to report from the Military Committee, to authorize the construction of a bridge over the Missouri River, at Fort Leavenworth.

COST OF PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The SPEAKER submitted a report from the Secretary of the Treasury relative to the ultimate cost of the Union Pacific Railroad and telegraph line. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

PUBLIC LANDS AT THE SOUTH.

Mr. JULIAN, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill amendatory of the act for the disposal of public lands for homesteads, by actual settlement, in Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Eastern Florida. Ordered to be printed and re-committed.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

On motion of Mr. HOOPER, the Senate bill to provide for the payment of compound interest notes, was taken from the speaker's table.

Mr. HOOPER moved the reference to the Ways and Means Committee.

Mr. FARNSWORTH moved to amend by referring it to the Banking and Currency Committee. The amendment was agreed to.

The SPEAKER intimated that the Committee on Banking and Currency would not be called again this session.

Mr. LYNCH remarked. The country will not suffer.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, inquired of Mr. Hooper when the House might expect the report from the Committee of Ways and Means with the order of the House in reporting a bill restricting the Secretary of the Treasury in the withdrawal of legal tender currency.

Mr. HOOPER was proceeding to state that the Committee had been engaged in the tariff bill, but would furnish other matters to-morrow, when an objection was made and sustained, that the discussion was out of order.

A motion to reconsider the vote was tabled—80 against 40.

THE COURTNEY PORK.

Mr. BANKS introduced his resolution relative to the suffering poor of the South, previously noticed, which was passed.

RECONSTRUCTION AGAIN.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Reconstruction bill, Messrs. LE BLOND, NIBLACK and WRIGHT argued against the section already referred to, providing that his election be by the Senate, were concurred in.

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SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

THE MILITARY RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The Differences Between the Senate and House Unsettled.

THE PASSAGE OF THE SENATE BILL DOUBTFUL.

The Disposition of Surratt.

HE IS HANDED OVER TO THE CIVIL AUTHORITIES FOR TRIAL.

Report on Violations of the Civil Rights Law.

THE MISSION OF FRED. SEWARD AND ADMIRAL PORTER.

WASHINGTON, February 19, 1867.

THE STRUGGLE BETWEEN THE HOUSE AND SENATE.

The House met this morning at eleven o'clock. The vote on agreeing to the senate amendment to the Stevens military bill resulted in a refusal to concur, by yeas 78, nays 97. The extreme, or Stevens Republicans, with the Democrats, made up the negative vote, and the Senate and more conservative Republicans the affirmative. The House then agreed to a Committee of Conference, and the Speaker named as such committee, Messrs. Stevens, Shellabarger and Blaine.

Soon after the meeting of the Senate, the refusal of the House to concur in the senate amendments, and the appointment of a Committee of Conference, was announced.

Mr. Williams, who has charge of the bill, moved a like Committee on the part of the Senate, This was opposed by Senators Sherman, Conness, Pomeroy, Lane, Howard and Wade, who took the ground that a Committee of Conference was useless, as the differences between the two houses were on matters of principle, and could not be reconciled. Mr. Fessenden favored a Committee, as he believed it would result in further amendments extending greater protection to loyal men at the South, than the Senate bill ensured. Mr. Sumner also favored a Committee, but the Senate declined to appoint one, and resolved to insist on its amendment.

At the evening session for the House, Mr. Blaine moved that the House recede from its refusal to agree, and concur in the Senate amendments to the bill. Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, as a compromise, moved to concur in the action of Senate, with a proviso added to the bill, that no person excluded from holding office by the pending Constitutional Amendment shall be eligible to election as a member of the present Congress, or as Constitution for any of the reset States, nor shall have the right to vote for delegates to such Convention. This disfranchizes, in effect, the leading rebels. The Democrats took alarm at this, and commenced to filibuster, to stave off action. At eleven o'clock, Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, desired to adjourn, and agree to take a vote to-morrow morning, on the meeting of the House. This was objected to, but the House soon afterwards adjourned without any arrangement as to a final vote.

The prospect of any bill reaching the President in time to prevent his "pocketing" it, if he is so disposed, are very slim.

Mr. Moorhead voted to concur in the Senate amendment, and Mr. Miller in declining to concur.

VIOLATION OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS LAW.

The message of the President, in answer to the Senate resolution of inquiry, as to violations of the Civil Rights law, states that the resolution of inquiry was referred to heads of departments, and ascertained that none have come to the knowledge of the Navy, Interior, Post Office, Treasury or State Departments. The Secretary of War says no instance has been reported of neglect or refusal to execute the Civil Rights bill, and that he has given orders that it shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

Mr. BLAINE moved the previous question.

Mr. ELDRIDGE moved to table the bill. Rejected—yeas 55, nays 109—Stevens not voting.

Mr. FINCH at the beginning of the filibustering, moved recess.

A large number of dilatory motions were made and several votes taken.

At 11:30 Mr. WILSON proposed that the House adjourn, with the understanding that a vote be taken to-morrow after the reading of the journal.

Mr. MOORHEAD objected.

Mr. ELDRIDGE moved the House adjourn. Carried.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

A Bar of Gold Valued at $200,000—The Chilian Squadron—Admiral Kautz Decorated by an Order of Nobility.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 19.—Yesterday's Panama steamer carried a bar of gold valued at over $200,000, consigned to Paris.

Valparaiso accounts state that a Government loan of two millions and a quarter of dollars has recently been made in England by Chili.

Rear Admiral Thatcher, United States Navy, and Captain Turner of the Royal Navy, have been decorated with the Cross of the Order of Kamehamha for courtesies extended to Queen Emma aboard their respective ships.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Barclay Barnes, for offering a bribe to a member of the New Jersey Legislature, was yesterday sentenced to pay a fine of $5000 and costs. They have very singular ideas in New Jersey.

The Fenian excitement at the East continues. The leaders place no faith in the cable dispatches.

A warehouse near Federal street, Boston, containing forty thousand dollars worth of cotton, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. Part of the cotton was saved in good condition.

A messenger on the Santa Fe stage line, who reached Junction City, Kansas, Wednesday night last, states that, as he came through Fort Dodge, the commanding officer forbade him going on, as there was great danger from Indians. He says they were so badly scared at Fort Dodge that they were digging ditches, throwing up earthworks, &c.

Massachusetts has abolished its usury laws, on and after the first of July, 1867.

The Louisville *Journal* says a mob composed of the remains of Quantrell's guerrillas, broke open Mr. Corrie's house, at Parksville, and seized and hung Corrie.

The United States Circuit Court at Louisville, has acquitted Dr. C. W. Farrel, indicted for the murder of Morrow and Baker.

The *Herald's* Matamoras special says: A naval fight occurred on the 24th of January, off the bar of San Francisco, between the Liberal and Imperial squadrons. The former were defeated and lost all their vessels, and the commander and twenty-six men were taken prisoners. The Imperialists had seven vessels, eleven guns, and the Liberals had four vessels, guns not stated. [San Francisco is laid down on the map as a gulf port, north-east of Tampico.]

The application for a new trial in the case of Kennedy, the convicted Fenian, has been refused by the Canadian Courts. It was made on the ground of alleged informality in summoning the jurors.

The Supreme Court, in New York city, has decided that it has no power to interfere in discharging enlisted men from the army on writs of habeas corpus under a plea of minority.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

Testing the Police Telegraph.

Yesterday morning a delegation from the Allegheny Councils, comprising, among others the members of the Committee on Engines to whom has been intrusted the selection of the system to be adopted for the city, visited the Central Office in this city for the purpose of testing the capacity of the Gamewell, Leonard & Co's telegraph for the transmitting police signals. As we stated yesterday Mr. Paisley has partially perfected a code of signals, and these signals were explained and illustrated to the visitors. As a test the delegation were invited to visit any box they might chose and send a message according to the code. Under the escort of Chief Engineer Hare they visited the box at the corner of Diamond alley and Wood streets, and telegraphed for two policemen to be sent. Almost before they had closed the door of the box, two officers who came rushing to the spot under the belief that a large sized row was in progress. Other tests were made with equally satisfactory results, and many of the depredations recently committed may be traced to him.

Meeting of the Allegheny County Temperance League.

The Temperance League met last evening as per adjournment, in Mozart Hall. Dr. A. G. McCandless in the chair. The exercises were opened by prayer, by Rev. Mr. Scovel. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. J. D. Bailey, from the committee on remonstrances, reported progress.

Thomas Steele, Esq., from the committee to confer with the judges, reported that nothing had been done.

Mr. Steele also reported that an additional act, more favorable to the cause of temperance had been introduced into the Legislature. A copy of the bill was read by the secretary.

Mr. Steele, requested that the Secretary read a copy of the call issued at Harrisburg, for delegates to a State Temperance Convention. The following delegates were appointed to attend the Convention, Dr. A. G. McCandless, Rev. S. F. Scovel, Col. Thomas M. Bayne; the Committee were authorized to add to this number.

On motion of Mr. Bailey the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That all the Churches and the Young Men's Christian Association, be requested to send delegates to the State Temperance Convention to be held at Harrisburg on Tuesday, February, 26th.

Mr. Bailey announced that Pittsburgh division, No. 12, of the Sons of Temperance, would, next week, commence a series of meetings, to be continued every evening of the week except Thursday evening. Good speakers had been secured, and a large attendance was hoped for. The following speakers were announced: Monday evening—Rev. Alexander Clark, C. W. McHenry, Esq. Tuesday evening—Rev. E. B. Snyder, R. B. Richardson, Esq. Wednesday evening—Rev. Little Esq., D. O. N. Johnson, Esq. Friday evening—Rev. S. F. Scovel, Col. Thomas M. Bayne. Saturday evening—Rev. Herrick Johnson, John H. Ebbert, Esq.

On motion a bill for $32 expenses, presented by the secretary, was paid by voluntary subscription.

It was announced that the anniversary meeting of the Allegheny City Temperance League, which was appointed for next Tuesday evening, had been postponed until a week from that evening.

On motion of Mr. Allinder the act, No. 26, licensing eating houses the same as taverns, was brought before the meeting for discussion, and was discussed to some extent by the several members of the League

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1867.

Owing to the extraordinary pressure upon our advertising columns to-day, we are forced to crowd out other editorial and reading matter. A second enlargement of the GAZETTE daily grows more imperative.

THE TARIFF—THE CURRENCY.

Whenever it becomes necessary to raise the tariff of import duties so as to protect domestic industry from ruinous foreign competition, the opponents of that policy denounce it as "a scheme to make the rich richer, and the poor poorer." They do not attempt to show this to be true, either by an analysis of principles or a comparison of results. It is much easier to trust to heated declamation.

In 1861 a tariff decidedly protective in its features was enacted; at that time the the producing classes of the country were mainly struggling along under burdens of indebtedness. The farming interest was specially depressed. The larger part of the farmers, taking the country through, were in debt. At the West a majority of them were plastered over with judgments and mortgages, and in a vast number of instances the estates could not be sold for enough to discharge the encumbrances. Even in many portions of the East, the actual rate of interest was running at from ten to fifteen per centum. With the mechanical interest the situation was little if any more comfortable. The tariff of that year changed all this. Manufactures took an unprecedented start. New buildings, new machinery, more coal, iron and wool, more of everything requisite to manufacturing, was called for. Thousands who had been endeavoring to eke out a subsistence by agriculture, were drawn therefrom into more remunerative employments. The number of persons engaged in growing provisions was relatively diminished from the numbers engaged in other pursuits. Farm products increased in market value, by reason of the new demand.

Undoubtedly the manufacturers made money, and became rich. Is that a matter of complaint? Does any one desire to have everybody reduced to poverty, and kept in that condition? The larger the proportion of citizens who have wealth, or at least competency, the better. But the manufacturers are not the only class that made extraordinary gains. Merchants, bankers, speculators, miners, stockholders in railroads, accumulated gains altogether beyond precedent. The farmers reaped their full share of the harvest. All of them who possessed industry, good habits, and good sense, got out of debt and increased materially in assets. The man who did not make money rapidly during the four or five following years, has nobody to censure but himself. Never before were such opportunities presented to men in this country to acquire wealth, and many years will elapse before an equally propitious occasion shall be again presented.

We take it for granted, therefore, that, as a class, the manufacturers are rich; at least such of them as had prudence sufficient to suspend operations when losses became inevitable. This is certainly true of manufacturers who have been some years in business. Those who have newly started, paying inflated prices for lands, building materials, mechanical labor, machinery, and the like, are in a different category. We cannot be far from the mark in saying that most of the old manufacturers will be well enough off, even if forced to sacrifice a considerable portion of their fixed investments in business, as buildings and facilities. So far as they are personally concerned it is of comparatively small consequence whether a proper tariff bill shall be passed or not. Under such a bill they would, indeed, go ahead and make more money; but they have already a sufficiency. If they are wise enough to remain idle until public sentiment constrains the adoption of such a scale of impost duties as the emergency calls for, they cannot be seriously damaged.

The workmen are not in this condition. Wages never made a man rich, and never will. If an individual lacks any of the qualities essential to the wise management of business on his own account, he is necessarily condemned to fill a subordinate position. His misfortune is attributable either to nature or training, or both, and it is idle to attempt to fix the blame on the laws or his more competent neighbors.

If the manufacturers, who are charged with being rich, and increased in goods, do not find it for their interest to resume business, what are the workmen to do? What are the mechanics to do who have been engaged for years past in building up the manufacturing towns? The last resort of all men, who mean to work, is the soil. If, therefore, the manufactories remain closed, the tens of thousands who have plied their busy occupations therein; the other tens of thousands outside whose labor has contributed raw material, as coal, iron ore, lime, copper ore, wool, and the like; and the mechanics who have built houses, boats, cars and what-not, to supply the demands of the manufacturers, must be forced to growing grain, cattle, vegetables and fruits! The farmers must experience both a lessened market and increased competition. Five years of the system, the greater part of the Western agriculturists are endeavoring to have established, would strip them of their prosperity, and plunge them even into the embarrassments that buffeted them five years ago.

Nothing in the way of business can be more insane than the Western clamor for more wild cat banks and irredeemable currency, yet higher prices for wheat, corn, cattle and hogs, and lower prices for manufactured goods. A general collapse, that shall sweep the whole country with the violence of a tornado, is all that such a policy is adapted to superinduce.

Nor are many of the manufacturers a whit more rational. They want higher duties and more paper money. As if wages in the race of expansion would not outrun the inflation of the currency! They overlook the causes by which the tariff of 1861 became inoperate for protection in most departments of enterprise. The excise duties and the advance in wages more than used up all the margin between the impost duties and the cost of production abroad. Hence came diminishing profits, and afterwards absolute deficits. If labor could be crowded down to the rates that existed in 1861, most branches of manufacturing would get on well enough. Why cannot wages be reduced? Mainly because of the mass of irredeemable paper money that fills and overflows all the channels of circulation.

Nor are they much wiser who insist upon keeping the volume of the currency where it is. That cannot be done. The present financial condition is abnormal, and cannot last. Like all other abnormal states, the best thing to be done with it is to get out of it as soon as practicable. An abnormalist was once looking at the broad and shallow Susquehanna. He failed to detect its utility for drainage, but thought it would be an excellent thing to have freshets last all the year round, so as to promote navigation. It was useless to depict to him the consequence of so much water on the contiguous territory as would be requisite to keep the stream brimming. His thoughts were absorbed in the possibility of running boats. That man was a fair type of the currency inflationists. The waters of the Susquehanna, in obedience to inevitable law, will shrink to shallowness, and the currency of the country, under a law equally absolute, will work back to a normal basis. If not allowed to subside gradually, a contingency will arise in which it will go back on a run.

Poor History! William Tell has just been displaced from its pages by Gould, an English Partonian writer, and is made a fabulous individual who figured in early fiction—never having, in reality, shot an arrow or fought a fight for freedom. Gentlemen, please permit us to retain our elevated ideas of Washington.

The Fenians throughout the country are greatly excited over the news from the old country, and knowingly claim that the truth has not reached us as to the extent of the revolt. A raid upon Canada is seriously contemplated, and we may expect soon to have startling news from that quarter.

The spring trade of Boston has set in quite lively, and buyers are there from all sections of the country. The good times now enjoyed by the merchants of the "Hub" will soon reach other commercial cities, and no danger of a business panic need be anticipated at an early date.

The Cincinnati Germans are to open an operatic season there shortly. The singers are all members of a singing club of that city, and are said to be far superior to the traveling troupes which create such a furore in fashionable circles wherever they make their appearance.

The B ard of Underwriters of New York recommend to the National Board which meets to-day, to adopt the Hamburg principle on insurance policies, that is, requiring all parties on whose premises fires occur, to sustain one-fourth of any loss.

Alexander Dallas Bache, L. L. D., died at Newport, R. I., recently. He was a great grand son of Dr. Franklin, the printer and philosopher. As an author, scholar and philosopher, Professor Bache had few equals in this century.

The 15th proximo. will be the centennial anniversary of Andrew Jackson's birthday. It is proposed by the Democracy to celebrate it in a fitting manner.

—A Mr. Nichols, of Laclede, Misiouri, last week righted his house, paid all his debts, settled his business and, with not any assigned cause for his conduct, shot and killed his wife; then called at the residence of his married son, shooting both his little boys, aged nine and eleven years, killing one immediately, and wounding the other fatally it is thought. After which he returned home and ended the bloody tragedy by shooting himself.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON'S Prepared Prescription for the cure of CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all THROAT and LUNG AFFECTIONS, has now been in use over ten years, with the most marked success.

The Remedy, prepared under Mr. Wilson's personal supervision; also a pamphlet containing the original Prescription, with full and explicit directions for preparation and use, together with a short history of his case, may be obtained of

JOS. FLEMING,
DRUGGIST,
No. 84 Market Street.

REV EDWARD A. WILSON, 185 South Second street, Williamsburg, N. Y. fe18

What Swayne's Ointment Will Do.

1—It will cure Itch in from 1° to 48 hours.
2—It will cure the most obstinate cases of Tetter.
3—It will cure Chronic Erysipelas of the face.
4—It will cure Salt Rheum, Scald Head.
5—It will cure Itching Piles, all Eruptions.
6—It will positively cure all Skin Diseases.
7—Use SWAYNE'S OINTMENT and scratch no more.

"ITCH" *Dr. Swayne's Ointment*, "TETTER"
"ITCH" *Dr. Swayne's Ointment*, "TETTER"
"ITCH" "TETTER"
"ITCH" NEVER KNOWN "TETTER"
"ITCH" TO FAIL "TETTER"
"ITCH" "TETTER"

Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sold by M'CLARIGAN & McKENNAN, 85 Market street, Pittsburgh, and by JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market st., A. TORRENCE, cor. 4th and Market streets, Pittsburgh, and SNEE & DEULY, Allegheny. au23-120-TTF

READ THE CERTIFICATE OF Rev. R. T. FLUALIN.

To Dr. HOSTETTER:

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I was taken with the dyspepsia a year ago last March, and, for a period of eight months, was one of the most misera ble creatures you ever beheld, not being able either to eat, drink, or sleep, and was compelled to walk the floor incessantly. I was nearly deprived of my reason, and hope had entirely left me, all the efforts made for my recovery having proved fruitless.

By the first of November, 1865, I had become so weak and feeble that I could scarcely stand alone, and, to all appearance, would soon die. At this time (having read your advertisement,) my wife prevailed upon me to try your Bitters. A bottle was procured, and, strange to say, I soon commenced recovering. I have taken four bottles, and am enjoying as good health now as could be expected for one of my age (about sixty years.) I have no doubt that it was your Bitters alone, under Divine Providence, that effected this wonderful cure. R. T. FLUALIN.

Hudson, Mich, August 30, 1866. fe26

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

REPUBLICAN

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Of Allegheny County.

The meeting announced for

TO-DAY, FEBRUARY 20,

IS POSTPONED

Until Further Notice.

By order of
JOHN W. RIUDELL, Chairman.
T. M. BAYNE, Secretary. fe20:167

HOUSES AND LOTS IN ALLEGHENY CITY AT AUCTION.—The two brick dwelling houses, Nos. 48 and 50 Beaver street, Alleghany, will be sold on the premises on SATURDAY, Feb 23, at 2 o'clock. They each contain nine rooms and are situate in a most desirable locality for dwellings. The neighborhood is good. They are near the passenger cars and market house. Property in that part of the city is steadily increasing in value. Terms—One-half cash; balance in two years.
fe20 A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

PRICES REDUCED—On India Rubber Belting, Hose and Steam Packing. The new card rates are from 10 to 15 per cent. lower than our former rates. A full assortment on hand at the India Rubber Depot, 28 and 28 St. Clair street.
f 20 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)
Corner Fourth & Wood Sts.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
Foreign Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Coupons.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

FOR SALE—A very desirable PROPERTY for either a Tan Yard, Woolen Factory, or Flouring Mill. Situated at McCon's Station, on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, fifty-five miles from Pittsburgh. A good, substantia but ding on it 50x74, and shed whole length, 15 feet wide. Size of lot 193x300; three-fourths under good fence. Enquire of
fe20:193w*eg JOHN HERBERT, Allegheny.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY—In the matter of the Estate of THOMAS KIER, deceased.—Report in the above Estate is now ready and will be filed in the said Court, on the 7th day of March, A. D., 1867, and in the meantime the said report will be at my office, No. 145 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., for inspection.
fe 20:194 S. F. FULTON, Auditor.

FOR SALE
HOUSE AND LOT.
The house is a neat brick, containing a double cellar, six rooms and a finished attic. Water in the house, and gas in every room. All in prime order. Enquire at SI WESTSTREET,
fe20:177 Allegheny City.

FOR SALE,
A Two Years Lease
Of a three story building on Wood street, between Fourth and Fifth streets. Possession given April 1st, 1867. A splendid business location. Address, BOX 253, Pittsburgh P. O.
fe20:176

FOR SALE.
Store Fixtures and Fire-Proof Safe.
Apply at KAY & COMPANY'S,
fe20:170 35 Wood Street.

FOR SALE,
THE HOUSE AND LOT
No. 40 Craig street, First Ward, Allegheny. The house is a substantial two-story Frame, in good repair. The lot is 21 feet front on Craig street and 160 feet deep, extending to Pennsylvania Canal. Inquire at
fe20:166 119 DIAMOND ST., Pittsburgh.

RAFFLE. On Monday, February 25th, 1867, at the MORGAN HOUSE, Allegheny City.
A GRAND RAFFLE.
Will take place for the FINEST HEIFER ever seen in this State, weighing 2 300 pounds. One hundred chances at $5 each.
fe20:179

CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS, NOTIONS, &c.,
Suitable for Boys' Wear,
For sale at very low prices,
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Street.
fe20

BANKING HOUSE OF
JAY COOKE & CO.,
Corner Wall and Nassau Sts., New York.
In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington, we have opened a NEW YORK BANKING HOUSE, at the above location, and offer our services to Banks, Bankers and Investors for the transaction of their financial business, viz: Purchases and sales of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD. We are constantly represented at the New York Exchange and Gold Board, where orders sent us are promptly filled. We keep on hand a full supply of GOVERNMENT and CITIES' FIVE ALL ISSUES, buying and selling at current prices; and allow our correspondents the benefit of the Philadelphia market. fe20:186
JAY COOKE & CO.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, SS,
The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
To the heirs and legal representatives of
MARY BATCHELOR,
late of Grant county, Wisconsin, dec'd:
You are hereby cited to be and appear before me, JOSEPH H. GRAY, Register of Wills, &c., in and for said county, on or before
Tuesday, the 5th Day of March Next,
At said Register's Office, at Pittsburgh, then and there to take out Letters of Administration on the estate of said Mary Batchelor deceased, and to accept or refuse the same, as you may choose, if any, why the same should not be granted to John Burkhidt, or some other fit person, as Trustee under the last will and testament of said deceased, now of record in Pittsburgh, this 18th day of February, 1867.
fe20:181 JOS. H. GRAY, Register.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY.
H. GARRISON.....JOHN H. RICKETSON.
A. CARRISON & CO.,
(Successors to Hollman, Garrison & Co.)
FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CHILLED ROLLERS, OF ALL SIZES,
From Iron, Steel, Brass, Zinc, Copper, Silver, Gold, Straw Boards, Paper and Indian Rubber Work. Also, Rolling Mill Castings, of all descriptions; Bork Mills, Patent Double Grinder, with a variety of other patterns, always on hand and cast to order, on short notice and favorable terms.
Office and Warehouse,
No. 119 Smithfield Street,
fe20:183 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ON 15 APRIL, 1867, THERE will be drawn the 4th Class of PRIZES of the AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT LOAN, WITH PREMIUMS of the year of 1861.
This Loan comprises **400,000** Prizes amounting to
120 MILLIONS 983000 FLORINS
AUSTRIAN CURRENCY.
The Chief Prizes are: fl. 250,000, 220,000, 200 000, 150,000, 50000, 25,000, 20,000, 15,000, &c.
ORIGINAL BONDS, sure to win in the course of the drawings, furnished at the lowest rates on the day.

PRICES OF SHARES
FOR THE DRAWING OF 15 APRIL, 1867.

1 Full Share		1 Half Share	
5	5	2 50	2 50
10	10	5	5
25	25	12 50	12 50
50	50	25	25
100	100	50	50
250	250	125	125
500	500	250	250
1000	1000	500	500

This Grand Drawing is strongly recommended, as with a full share at $5 you may get in the 15 of April a c, the chief prize of 250,000 florins. The winnings will be paid over to the lunders gned at all the larger towns in America. North American Bank Notes, Bonds, Drafts on Frankfort o. M., London, Paris, will be accepted in payment.
Or ers with the suitable amounts will be promptly executed, and official lists sent to the parties concerned immediately after the drawing. Applications are to be addressed as soon as possible, and with confidence, to
L. STEIMDECKER-SCHLESINGER,
Banking House, at Frankfort, o. M.
Or to, H. SCHLESINGER & CO.
1 Basinghall street, London, England.
The House of A. FRITZ & G. C. HOCK, No. 125 Chamber street, New York, will receive payments for the house of L. Steindecker-Schlesinger at Frankfort o. M., and their receipts to accompany the orders. fe 6:195

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SIGN--ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

A SUCCESTION TO
Purchasers of Groceries.
You can save
FROM TEN TO TWENTY PER CENT.
By Buying at the House of
SHIELDS & BOUCHER,
108 Smithfield Street,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
fe29

WEST COMMON MACHINE STONE WORKS, Northwest Corner of Wes Common, ALLEGHENY.
FRED'K ALTVATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice HEARTH AND STEP STONES, FLAGS FOR SIDE-WALKS, BREWERS' VAULTS, &c., HEAD AND TOMB STONES, &c., &c.
Orders promptly executed. PRICES REASONABLE.
oct3:m10

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

M'FARLAND & COLLINS
Offer at Wholesale and Retail,
CARPETS,
A new stock of choice patterns, which cannot be excelled in extent and variety.
Window Shades,
In Green, Tan color, Buff, Lavender, Drab, and fancy colors, with plain, neat and rich Gilt and Velvet borders, over 100 different styles.
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
All the best patterns in market in sheets 3, 6, 7½, 12, 18 and 24 feet wide.
SCOTCH WINDOW HOLLANDS,
Buff, Green, Blue and White, in all widths.
English Woolen Druggets,
Bright Colors, 1¼, 2½, 3, 3¼, 3½, and 3¾ Yards wide.
WOOLEN AND LINEN CRUMB CLOTHS,
ENGLISH WILTON AND VELVET RUGS,
Swiss Lace & Application Curtains,
In patterns that are not to be found elsewhere.
NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS,
English and French
HEAVY CURTAIN GOODS,
New Patterns Cornices,
Carpet and Curtain UPHOLSTERY.
Orders promptly and carefully executed. Will send careful and experienced upholsterers to any part of the country to lay carpets and put up curtains, shades, &c.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 Fifth Street.
Next building to United States Custom House and Postoffice, second floor. fe20 W

J. HICKLING & CO'S GREAT SALE OF WATCHES—On the popular one price plan, every watch warranted a good and reliable watch for the low price of Ten Dollars! Without regard to value. Not to be paid for unless perfectly satisfactory.

300 Solid Gold Hunting Watches	$200 to	$700
500 Massive Gold Watches	200 to	300
50 Ladies' Watches, Enamelled	100 to	300
1,000 Solid Hunting Chronometer Watches	200 to	300
1,000 Gold Hunting English Levers	150 to	200
1,000 Gold Hunting Lever Watches	150 to	200
5,000 Gold Hunting American Watches	100 to	150
3,000 Gold Hunting Watches	75 to	100
5,000 Silver Hunting Dup exes	50 to	75
5,000 Gold Ladies' Watches	50 to	75
10,000 Gold Ladies' Watches	30 to	75
10,000 Miscellaneous Silver Watches	30 to	50
10,000 Gold Hunting Watches	30 to	75
10,000 Assorted Watches, all kinds	10 to	75

Every patron obtains a Watch by this arrangement, and for $10 can have the best Watch we sell, now. No partiality shown.
J. HICKLING & CO. is a Great American Co., New York City, wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent Stock. Certificates of Watches, etc., selected in sealed envelopes, holders are entitled to the articles named on their certificates, upon payment of $10 Dollars, and no more. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to a Watch worth $10 or one worth $500, irrespective of its worth, and as no article is valued less than $10 is named on any certificate, the opportunity is a rare one in the history, but a straight forward legitimate transaction, and we ask the most careful scrutiny of the most fastidious.
A single certificate will be sent by mail, postpaid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for $1, eleven for $2, thirty-three and elegant gift worth $5 for $5, one hundred and fifty for $20, and three hundred and most superb Watch for $40. To Agents or those wishing employments this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimate and honorable business, do not advertised by the newspapers and open to the most careful scrutiny. Try us.
Address, J. HICKLING & CO.,
fe20:184 10 Broadway—near U. S. Hotel—New York.

M'CORMICK, GIBSON & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
LEAD PIPE,
Sheet and Bar Lead,
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PIG LEAD, BLOCK TIN AND PATENT SHOT,
Ninth Street,
Between Main and Sycamore,
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J. S. NEWMYER & CO.,
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Will move to 211 LIBERTY STREET, on March 1st., where they will be pleased to see their friends and patrons. fe20:169

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FOR SPRING SALES OF 1867.
We are now prepared to offer to our customers, and the trade generally, an extensive collection of
Paper Hangings, Borders, Fire Board Prints, &c.,
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The undersigned having just returned from New York, where he went to perfect arrangements for booking passengers during the coming season, is prepared to give every information as to rate, accommodation, &c., by the
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KAUFFMANN & CO.,
UNION COAL YARD.
Best Family Coal, Nut Coal and Slack
Always on hand and promptly delivered to order.
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YARD—Allegheny Valley Railroad, near Carson street, Ninth Ward.
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TO LEATHER DEALERS
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Best MARYLAND OAK TANNED SPANISH and SLAUGHTER
Sole Leather.
In quantities from 100 lbs. up,
At Wholesale Prices for Cash.
Orders solicited.
JAMES W. JONES & SON,
CUMBERLAND, MD., Feb. 17, 1867. fe19:171

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, Feb. 19, 1867.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—Plans, Estimates and Lists of Assessment on the Property, embraced in the construction of the "Old Common" and "Belmont" Sewers, will be open for inspection at this Office, for a period of Ten Days from this date.
By order of Select and Common Councils,
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F. MUSSMANN,
Fifth Street, b tween Tunnel and Ch atham Streets,
Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.
First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing promptly on short notice.
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ROBERT LEA, President.
JOHN BROWN, JR., Secretary. fe15:142

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CLIMAX.
A plain statement of facts. I inherited Scrofula, and many of my relations have died of it. In 1859 my case was frightful. Tumors and ulcers spread until in bid, under the advice of my physicians I went to Avon Springs. I received no benefit—tried every medicine and did everything I could. I had to rest my arm on a cushion, and had not been able to raise it to my head for over a year. The discharge from two ulcers was nearly a pint a day. Amputation was recommended; but pronounced dangerous. I could not sleep, and my sufferings were intolerable. A friend brought me an English physician who applied a salve with which he said he had accomplished extraordinary cures in the hospitals in England. It commenced to relieve; I persisted in its use; it finally effected a *perfect and entire cure.* It is now 1868. It is five years since I had the appearance of a scrofula sore, and my health has been good ever since. I procured the receipt of this wond rful article—this blessing of humanity—and have called it "PAGE'S CLIMAX SALVE," and allow the public to use it or not as they choose. This is a brief but candid statement, given more fully in my circular.
J. M. PAGE.
Geneva, New York, Dec. 1865.
New York, Oct. 16, 1865.
"I have known J. M. Page, Esq., of Geneva, N. Y., for many years. He is one of the first citizens of Western New York. I saw him last week in good health. His case was a most remarkable one, but actually true in every particular.
(Signed.) Demas Barnes."
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It is a sure cure for Burns, Scalds, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Broken Breasts, Frost Bites, Chilblains, Stings, Bruises, Cuts, Swellings, &c., whether upon man or beast. It subdues pain and inflamation with surprising celerity, and heals burns without a scar. No family should be without it. It is always wanted, and is always ready. We will forfeit a dozen boxes for any single failure. We believe there was never anything like it in the world. It is put up in tin boxes, surrounded by a full circular giving facts, directions, testimonials, &c., and can be ordered through any respectable Druggist throughout the world. Price only 25 cents.
J. M. PAGE & BRO.,
Successors to J. M. Page, 121 Liberty Street, New York. fe20:180

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DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

AT EATON'S,

New Bead Drop Trimmings,

NEW GUIPURE LACES,

The New Skirt for 1867,

NEW LOT OF CORSETS,

New Lot of Ladies'

PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS,

Hosiery, Gloves,

and Woolen Yarns,

CLOSING OUT AT

A Great Reduction,

SOILED HOOP SKIRTS at less than half price.

AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street,

fe14

NEW SPRING GOODS.

We are just receiving a full and complete stock for our spring sales, consisting of

WHITE GOODS, such Bleached Cambrics, Jaconets, Swiss Muslis, Barred and Plain Nainsooks, Victoria Lawns, Linens, Linen Cambric and Lawn, Tucked Cambric Skirting.

EMBROIDERIES, full line Jaconet Edgings and Insertings, Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, Jaconet and Hamburg Flouncings, French Cambric Bands, Dimity Bands, Infants Embroidered Robes and Waists.

LACES, Real Point, and Applique Lace and Edgings, Valencia, Maltese, and Cluny, Thread Edgings, Valencia and Edgings, Imt. Val. Lace, Edgings and Insertings.

HANDKERCHIEFS, Real Point and Applique, Thread, Cluny and Val. Trimed, Plain, Embroidered and Hemstitched Linen.

SASH and BONNET RIBBONS, Trimming and Neck RIBBONS.

FULL LINE ALEXANDRE KID GLOVES for Ladies, Gents and Misses.

CORSETS and HOOP SKIRTS, all makes, Corset Jeans and Edgings, Imt. Val. Lace, Edgings and Insertings.

A FULL LINE GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

COUNTRY DEALERS, and ALL who buy to sell again, will find it to our Wholesale Department, a good assortment, and as low as EASTERN PRICES

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

fe18

SPECIAL BARGAINS

AT

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.

We would call special attention to our stock of HANDKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, INFANTS' EMBD ROBES, SILK SCARFS, LINEN COLLARS, CUFFS AND SETS. BALMORAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS. WOOLEN GOODS. GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS—Gloves, Hosiery, and Shirts generally, which we are NOW OFFERING AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES WOOLEN SHAWLS, SONTAGS, HOODS, SCARFS—Offering very low to close out.

HOSIERY—Merino Ribbed, all Wool Ribbed, Balmoral, Cotton Fleeced, Tartan and Scotch Plaid.

GLOVES—Good Paris Kid Gloves $1.25, in Dark, White and Opera Shades. A full stock Cloth, Calf and Kids, for Ladies and Gents.

HANDKERCHIEF SALE CONTINUED.

We are still offering our stock of Slightly Soiled Handkerchiefs in Plain, Hemstitched and Embroidered.

THE NEW HOOP SKIRT FOR 1867.

Something Entirely New.

We would invite the attention of MERCHANTS and DEALERS to our stock, which will be found to contain all that is seasonable, and at prices to suit the decline in gold.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,

77 and 79 Market Street.

fe14

ITALIAN OPERA.

KID GLOVES---OPERA COLORS,

NEW LOT JUST OPENED.

Fancy Fans,

Opera Hoods,

Real Lace Goods.

BRADLEY'S

New Duplex Skirt For 1867.

$1.25 A PAIR AND WARRANTED.

$1.25 For "S. S." Kid Gloves.

MACRUM & CARLISLE

Are authorized, by the Manufacturer of the "S.S." KID GLOVES,

To Guarantee Every Pair.

Should any rip or tear when being put on, we will replace them with a fresh pair.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street.

fe6

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

New Goods Just Opened.

Merchants desiring to Sort Up should call and examine our Stock and Prices.

FULL LINE OF DRY GOODS & NOTIONS.

No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

a25

BANKS AND BANKERS.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

CORNER THIRD AND WOOD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON. ja31:s52

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

No. 57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

U. S. Securities,

Including U. S. SIXES OF 1881;
do. do. 5-20's;
U. S. FIVES 10-40's.
U. S. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
Orders and Vouchers bought or collected.

ja30:s1

J. F. STARK & Co.,

BANKERS,

Corner of Wood and Third Streets,

BUY AND SELL

UNITED STATES BONDS, GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

(Draw Time and Sight Bills of Exchange on ENGLAND, FRANCE, GERMANY, ITALY, &c., &c.

de15:p95:WF

FINANCIAL

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE LOAN.

PROPOSALS FOR A LOAN OF

$23,000,000.

AN ACT

To Create a Loan

FOR THE REDEMPTION OF

The Over-Due Bonds of the Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, The bonds of the Commonwealth, and certain certificates of indebtedness, amounting to twenty-three millions of dollars, have been over due and unpaid for some time past; *And Whereas*, It is desirable that the same should be paid, and withdrawn from the market; therefore,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer be, and are hereby, authorized and empowered to borrow, on the faith of the Commonwealth, in such amounts and with such notice, (not less than forty days) as they may deem most expedient for the interests of the State, twenty-three millions of dollars, and issue certificates of loan or bonds of the Commonwealth for the same, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first of February and first of August, in the City of Philadelphia, which certificates of loan or bonds shall not be subject to any taxation whatever, for State, municipal or local purposes, and shall be payable as follows, namely: Five millions of dollars payable at any time after five years and within ten years; eight millions of dollars, payable at any time after ten years and within fifteen years, and ten millions of dollars at any time after fifteen years and within twenty-five years; and shall be signed by the Governor and State Treasurer, and countersigned by the Auditor General and registered in the books of the Auditor General, and to be transferable on the books of the Commonwealth, at the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia; the proceeds of the whole of which loan, including premiums, et ceters, received on the same, shall be applied to the payment of the bonds and certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth.

SEC. 2. The bids for the said loan shall be opened in the presence of the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer, and awarded to the highest bidder: *Provided*, That no certificate hereby authorized to be issued, shall be negotiated for less than its par value.

SEC. 3. The bonds of the State and certificates of indebtedness, now over due, shall be receivable in payment of the said loan, under such regulations as the Governor, ditor General and State Treasurer may prescribe; and every bidder for the loan, now authorized to be issued, shall state in his bid whether the same is payable in cash or in the bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth.

SEC. 4. That all trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, agents, treasurers, committees, or other persons, holding in a fiduciary capacity, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the State or moneys, are hereby authorized to bid for the loan hereby authorized to be issued, and to surrender the bonds or certificates of loan held by them at the time of making such bid, and to receive the bonds authorized to be issued by this act.

SEC. 5. Any person or persons standing in the fiduciary capacity stated in the fourth section of this act, who may desire to invest money in their funds for the benefit of the trust, may, without any order of court, invest the same in the bonds authorized to be issued by this act, at a rate of premium not exceeding twenty per centum.

SEC. 6. That from and after the passage of this act, all the bonds of this Commonwealth shall be paid off in the order of their maturity.

SEC. 7. That all loans of this Commonwealth, not yet due, shall be exempt from State, municipal or local taxation, after the interest due February first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, shall have been paid.

SEC. 8. That all existing laws, or portions thereof, inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

JOHN P. GLASS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

L. W. HALL,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

JOHN W. GEARY.

In accordance with the provision of the above act of Assembly, sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Treasurer, in the city of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, until 12 o'clock, M., of the 1st day of April, A. D., 1867, to be endorsed as follows: "Proposals for Pennsylvania State Loan," Treasury Department, Harrisburg, Penn'a, U. S. A.

Bids will be received for $5,000,000, reimbursable in Five years and payable in Ten years; $8,000,000 reimbursable in Ten years and payable in Fifteen years; and $10,000,000 reimbursable in Fifteen ears and payable in Twenty-Five years. The rate of interest to be either 5 or 6 per cent. per annum, which must be explicitly stated in the bid, and the bids most advantageous to the State will be accepted. No bid for less than par will be considered. The bonds will be issued in sums of $50, and such higher sums as desired by the loaners, to be free from State, local and municipal taxes.

The over due bonds of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania will be received at par in payment of this loan, but bidders must state whether they intend to pay in cash or in the over due loans aforesaid.

No distinction will be made between bidders paying in cash or over-due loans.

JOHN W. GEARY,
Governor of Pennsylvania.
JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
Auditor General.
W. H. KEMBLE,
State Treasurer.

N. B.—No newspaper publishing the above, unless authorized, will receive pay. fe6:t29

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 20, 1867.

CITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

"Allegheny Affairs."

The course of prodigality in municipal bodies, which is rapidly hurrying New York and Philadelphia to bankruptcy, seems to be infusing its *virus* amongst the minor and corporate authorities of interior cities and boroughs of the country without just regard to economy or utility. Hitherto, at least until within a few years, Allegheny has been spared by the wisdom and circumspection of her Councilmen from a wanton and uncalled for expenditure of her fiscal resources—one of the great motive powers of her extraordinary increase of population, business and dwellings for such as have selected her for their permanent abode. But, alas! these favorable and flattering inducements seem to be in part disappearing and giving way to a reckless outlay of the taxation imposed on the property and real estate within the city limits. Our attention has been called to this subject by the recent report of a Committee of Councils appropriating the entire Commons around the public parks, and subsequently appointing a Committee to notify all "*In-Lot*" holders to file their claims for damages within a given period. A sweeping power, indeed, undertaking to divest a large number of our citizens and others holding the right of Common (though non residents) by paltry dollars from a Common wealth.

Have the gentlemen assuming this extraordinary power ever examined the nature and extent of the rights of Common, or do they ignorantly imagine it is appurtenant only to the "inlets" of the original Town of Allegheny. If so, we undertake to correct them. The Patents for every out lot, or also in lot in the Reserve tract opposite Pittsburgh, embracing Allegheny, Manchester, Duquesne, specially recites a guarantee to said in and out lot holders "the free use, liberty and privilege of said Commons ground, streets, lanes and alleys of said Town of Allegheny forever." Yet this Committee in their wisdom make haste to divest the out lot holders of their right of Common, not only in the city, but far beyond its limits, whilst these very out and in lot holders are to be taxed for the privilege of surrendering their fee in the common ground. This looks like heating the poker, not only before they have to give up the right of Common, but to pay for the privilege of making the grant; whilst a little further on in their report they impose a tax of one hundred thousand dollars for the work of embellishment. A work which in a few years will be of no benefit to the next embellishment, without a dollar of taxation, as already by the enterprise and liberality of property owners on the line of Penn Avenue, it has been adequately enclosed and ornamented with trees. But this plain and unpretending beginning is not satisfactory to our Councils. A debt of $200,000 is as nothing to their expanded notions of embellishment after the fashion wherewith New York property holders and their tenantry are plundered for the benefit of lobbyists and greedy contractors for city jobs.

Do these gentlemen not know that such vast accumulation of city debt and, consequently, increased taxation is calculated to impede population and diminish the number of buildings which would doubtless proceed under circumstances of economical City Government. Not only so but such extravagance falls, in the way of rents, upon the tenantry as that of any other property. Nor can they, in view of heavy taxation, be any imputation upon property holders. Rents will follow taxation, and, with great respect for the committee and Councils, in our opinion it would be well to revise this whole proceeding or give a different title to the bill proposed for enactment by the Legislature, and call it "an act for the embellishment of the commons, at the expense of the tenantry of Allegheny City," upon whom these levies of tax ultimately fall.

May not such a project as is contemplated by the Committee, with the vast outlay involved in its completion, somewhat alarm, if not deter, our frugal and intelligent neighbors of Manchester and Duquesne Borough from uniting their fiscal destinies with Allegheny, which seems to be their present sentiment? At all times it was the practice of committees not only to count the cost of an improvement but to look carefully for some compensating return of revenue. But here is a recommendation for an expenditure of two hundred thousand dollars to gratify the craving appetite for mere amusement and barren pleasures of a promenade for the idle and fashionable.

It would be well if they only would resort to the grounds. Will it not also attract rowdies and vagabonds, and consequently demand a refined expense and effort on the part of the police to protect the citizens from pillage, as doubtless many article will remain over night within the incorporation.

Would the prudent and respectable gentlemen who compose the committee, thus embark a large portion of their private capital in such or any enterprise, without the prospect of adequate profit, and is not, in all conscience, a little caution and circumspection demanded at their hands, in the application of money required of their constituents through the tax attached?

"MORE ANON."

Actors and Acting.

In New York at Wallack's "A Dangerous Game" is enjoying a long run; Barnum continues with his wild beasts, the sacrifice of "the Christain Martyrs;" Edwin Booth in his fourth week of Skylark; the "Black Crook," had been played 162 nights last night, to half a million of people. The new Academy of Music will open March 7th, with Italian Opera, Madame Pareppa being the main attraction.

Ristori closed her engagement at Memphis February 8, making one and twenty seventeen performances in this country, including several matinees. She is now at New Orleans. Her original engagement with Mr. Grau was for one hundred and twenty performances, including a trip to Havana. Havana is yet to be done. There is talk of a trip to Canada.

Mrs. D. P. Bowers, Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams, and Mr. G. L. Fox all had benefits at different theatres in Philadelphia last Friday night. Mrs. Williams's benefit was by Helen Western. The Richings English Opera are at the Academy.

They are going to have a new opera house on Canal street, in New Orleans. A site has already been subscribed. A theatre is about to be erected in Natches. A meeting has been held and part of the money subscribed.

Laura Keene has had a benefit at the Mobile Theatre. She has been succeeded by Jos. Jefferson. She has written a letter to the Mobile *Tribune*, in which she denies that she was a personal enemy of J. Wilkes Booth, for the reason that she never met him, or saw him in her life.

Edwin Forrest succeeded Mrs. Lander, on Monday night, at the National Theatre, Washington. He appeared as Richilieu.

Matilda Herron closed an engagement Saturday night at the Academy of Music, Albany. Dan Bryant opens at McVicker's, Chicago, February 25th. Jean Hosmer is at the Metropolitan Theatre, Buffalo. Kate Reignolds is at the Vicksburg Theatre. Mr. John Brougham began at the Albany Academy last night.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Davenport are still at the Howard Athenœum, Boston, and Mlle. Annetta Galetti and Mons. Joseph Cordelia are running the "Black Crook" at the Continental Theatre, in the same pious city.

The Latest Fashions.

The New York *Home Journal* gives the following items of fashionable intelligence:

At a recent ball given at Delmonico's a young and beautiful married lady appeared in one of the new fashionable ball dresses which are now worn short, like the street dresses. The dress consisted of a pink silk underskirt, which just touched the top of the shoes, which were of pink kid, buttoned up over the ankle with white buttons. Over the pink silk was a shorter skirt of white tulle, trimmed with pink satin puffings. The hair was dressed very high, and ornamented with a wreath of wild roses, the center of each rose containing a diamond of great brilliancy. The dress was made by a Parisian dressmaker, and it is needless to say attracted a great deal of attention.

Several young men have appeared at fashionable receptions in this city recently in something like court dress—maroon velvet coat and breeches, with silk stockings.

Our Iron Resources.

The *American Mining Journal* remarks that our iron mines are comparatively neglected, while we import a great part of the iron we use from Europe, in fact of the fact that we have iron resources sufficient to supply the whole world for centuries. Take as an example the Wyoming district, which comprehends not one-half of, Pennsylvania coal-field. In this district iron deposits abound, but are scarcely touched. Eighty thousand million tons of coal are estimated to lie buried there, driblets of which are sent off to the Eastern cities to work, iron imported from Europe, while the Wyoming coal-miners themselves receive scant wages

Fire at Titusville.

On Sunday evening last, a fire broke out in Titusville, on Spring street, in the rear of the engine house, and soon communicated to the surrounding buildings. It totally destroyed several small tenement houses and other buildings, including the fine large engine house of No. 1 Fire Company, the loss of which is from four to five thousand dollars. But for the efforts of the firemen and citizens, and the fine working condition of the engines, the destruction must have been fearful.

"For Rent."—Chicago at present contains one hundred and fifty houses marked "For Rent," and the newspapers of that city say that rents there are declining. In Philadelphia there are now more buildings publicly offered for rent than has been the case for some time past, and the general impression is that house rents have seen their highest point. "To lets" are getting much more numerous in Pittsburgh now than a few weeks ago.

C. V. Culver.—Since the acquittal of Hon. C. V. Culver at Franklin, all prosecutions against him have ceased to exist, and he is left free to devote his time and energies to the work of rendering his assets available as far as possible to meet his liabilities. But for conduct of two or three of his persecutors we have little doubt that his creditors would ere this have realized a large percentage on their claims.

Inundated.—Tionesta was inundated by the recent freshet, and the trestle work of the Warren & Franklin Railroad, near Tionesta, was carried off.

A Word to the Public.

A short though severe spell of sickness has delayed my public announcement of the Grand Concert of sacred and secular music advertised in another column. A month or two since, when I was in distress on account of the many cases of absolute suffering I was daily compelled to refuse relief to, or to relieve too sparingly, because I had no means at my command, Mr. Matson kindly tendered me a concert; I after consultation with the proper parties in the church to which I belong, accepted the generous offer. The Committee on suppressed my announcement, and finding the hall disengaged for the 27th, arranged with the superintendent, Major Kilgore for the last named evening.

I earnestly appeal to the charitable among all classes of the community to help the enterprise by purchasing tickets, and by selling to their kindred and friends. The liberal response to Bishop Kerfoot's appeal has supplied us with present means. "But the poor ye have always with you," is as true to-day as when uttered by our Saviour, and much distress will still call for help, even when the winter shall have passed. I will not attempt to single out individual cases, but shall cheerfully describe one to any that may call on me, or will take such as desire, to see some of my poor. I relieve the worthy, without reference to their religion.

Respectfully, etc.,
JOHN H. MORRIS,
Lay Missionary.

Office: 190 Smithfield street.

Lamp Explosion.—A person in Cleveland, who undertakes to take the trouble to gather statistics on the subject, says that during the last two years the number of people burned to death from coal oil lamp explosions has been nearly 200, and these disasters have destroyed property valued at $5,000,000

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TERRIBLE CRASH.

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES FOR 30 DAYS. Many Goods LESS THAN FIRST COST.

Men's Calf Boots, top sole, selling $4.50, reduced from $5.50.
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Men's opera boots selling $2.75, reduced from $4.50.
Men's balmorals, top sole, selling $3.50, reduced from $4.25.
Men's balmorals, selling $2.25, reduced from $2.75
Men's balmorals, selling $1.50, reduced from $2.25
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Penmanship, per month 8 0

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N. SHAFFER, or
J. F. McCLAYMONDS.

no6:wwF PITTSBURGH, January 25, 1867.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNERS.—The attention of the property owners and citizens of Pittsburgh is called to the following resolution of the street Commissioner, adopted at the last meeting, Jan. 28, 1867.

Resolved, That the Citizens and Property Owners of Pittsburgh, desirous of having the streets in front of their respective property graded, paved and set with curb stone are requested to present petitions to Council *before the last day of April*, 1867, at all petitions presented after that date will necessarily be laid over till the following year.

CHARLES REICHSFEARR,
JAMES McCARTY,
Clerk of the Street Committee.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY ..... PHILIP CLEIS.

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REMOVAL.—THE UNDERSIGNED have removed the office of the HOPE OIL WORKS from 35 Market street, Pittsburgh, to their Works on Carson street, Brownstown, where they can hereafter be found. Postoffice Address 836, Pittsburgh.

oct2:d6 DUNCAN & WILLIAMS.

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A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE. Please enclose a post-paid envelope addressed to yourself.

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Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates. Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, February 19, 1867.

The following are the New York stock quotations for to-day: Gold, 136¼; 1881 bonds, 109¾; Five Twenties, old, 111; Five Twenties, 1865, 108½; do new, 109¼; Seven Thirties, 106⅝. Michigan Southern Railroad, 74¾; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 84½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 96¾; Erie, 95½; Western Union Telegraph Company, ——; Chicago and Rock Island, 97¾; Chicago and Northwestern, 37¼; do preferred, 63½; New York Central, 101½.

Stocks sold Tuesday evening, February 19th, at Commercial Sales Rooms, 100 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer:

Bank of Pittsburgh	$67 25
Second National Bank	115 00
Allegheny Gas Company	33 75
Pennsylvania Railroad	56 00

—The new loan certificate bill, as it passed the Senate, provides for the issue of a hundred millions of temporary loan certificates, bearing three per cent interest, and the principal and interest of which are payable on demand. These certificates are to be issued to national banks only, and they may be held as a part of their reserve required under the national currency act. Two-fifths of their entire reserve, however, must, by the new act, consist of legal-tender notes. The passage of this bill by the House is demanded by the business interest of the country, which would be greatly pre, judiced if the Government were obliged to redeem the compounds, either by issuing a new loan or by expanding the currency in the issue of another hundred millions of legal-tenders. This bill, if passed, will relieve the financial prospect of the dread and fear which have been so long impending, by giving assurance that the currency is neither to be contracted or expanded. As these certificates will take the place of the compounds in the vaults of the national banks, there can be no disturbance whatever of the monetary equilibrium. It is to be regretted that the rate of interest was reduced to three per cent from four, which was the rate as originally agreed upon by the Senate Finance Committe. There will scarcely be a time when money will not be worth more than three per cent, and the danger might be that some banks would draw on their reserve in time of pressure. The reserve should be, as its name implies, a fund to be always in hand, and the inducements to use it should be as few as the law could make them.

—Upon the universal stagnation and unprofitableness of business, causing a spring season generally unsatisfactory and depressed, the New York *Financier & Chronicle* of Saturday, says:

"The trade of the interior is generally reported dull and unpromising. Although the South has realized upon a large portion of its cotton crop it is found devoid of a trading spirit, and even unable to liquidate much of its indebtedness on account of last year's purchases. From the Western States merchants complain of unusual difficulty in making their collections, and ha e on hand a hoavy balance of Fall stock; the result being that their indebtedness to the Atlantic cities, in many cases, have to be renewed for 30 to 60 days. The New England cotton mills find the demand for goods unlimited, compared with their production, that at the beginning of this month some of the manufacturers were in better condition for settlement of their time of running. The woolen trade, now one of our most extensive industries, although greatly diminished its aggregate production, is probably up to 20 per cent, finds little relief from the reduced supply of goods and manufactures have to sell a large portion of their products at a discount from cost. In the leather and iron trades similar complaints prevail; and, indeed, it would be difficult to find an important exception to the common stagnation."

On this subject the New York *Post* says:

"The dullness of business in its relation to the country trade is by no means the great feature of the commercial crisis about which our business men feel solicitude. The questions depending upon the action of Congress affect all branches of trade, and some sort of settlement is earnestly desired. Our great mercantile houses are reducing their stocks as fast as possible, and many goods have been sold at prices considerably less than the cost of manufacture or importation."

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, February 19, 1867.

The produce markets continue quiet and dull, the operations in all of the leading commodities being very light, and of an unimportant character, while, so far as prices are concerned, there are no changes worthy of special notice.

GRAIN—Wheat continues very dull; we can report a sale of 1 car mixed—½ winter, and ½ spring—at $2 40, the demand is light, demand, and No. 1 spring sells on arrival at 230 to 240. Oats quiet and unchanged; may be quoted at 48 to 50, and 50 to 52, in store. Corn may be quoted at 75 to 80. Rye is steady, and prime Ohio and Penna. is in demand at $1,25.

FLOUR—Continues dull and weak but unchanged. Small sales at $6,75 to $12 for standard Spring Wheat brands; $13,50 to $14 for Winter White Wheat; $12,00 to $12,00 for Winter St. Louis brands. Rye Flour is quoted at $7,50 to $7,75 per bbl, and Buckwheat at $5,50 to $6,00 per cwt.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is selling in a jobbing way at 10 to 10½ for Shoulders, and 15 to 15½ for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is quoted at 12½ to 12¾, for prime leaf, and Mess Pork at $21 to $21,50.

SEED—We can report sales of Cloverseed at $5,40 @5,60, and Timothy at $2,25. Flaxseed is in demand at $2,50 to $2,70—a round lot would probably bring $2,75.

APPLES—There is neither an inquiry for shipment, and as the demand is almost entirely local; we have very few round lot operations to record. We can report regular sales at $5,00 to $5 per bbl, as to quality.

BUTTER—Continues dull with a supply considerably in excess of the demand, but unchanged. Small sales of prime Roll at 32 to 35.

EGGS—Very dull and drooping—fresh packed cannot fairly be quoted above 34c to 35c.

HAY—Continues dull, and with a supply largely in excess of the present demand; good to strictly prime Timothy (baled) is selling at $23 to $25, and common at $20.

POTATOES—No improvement to note in the demand, and while the market is dull and neglected, prices are nominally unchanged; small sales of Peach Blows at 75 to 80c per bushel.

DRIED FRUIT—Steady, with regular jobbing sales at 9 to 10 for Apples, and 17 to 20 for Peaches—quarters and halves.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, February 19, 1867.

CRUDE—The market continues dull, and notwithstanding holders are offering to make concessions, buyers, as is always the case, are disposed to hold off, in hopes that by so doing, they will be able to force a still further decline. We are aware of offers to sell at 7½, to arrive, without finding takers; we can report a sale of five thousand barrels for March and April delivery, at 8. There is a negotiation pending, and may possibly be consummated to-morrow, commencing with a thousand barrels for April at 7, and a thousand each subsequent month up until November, at an advance of ¼ cent per gallon each month—or the whole lot will average nine cents. Smith's Ferry oil is held and neglected—no operations in Kanawha oil.

REFINED—There is no improvement to note in the general tone of the refined market, indeed, it seems to be getting worse and worse. For instance, 28c was the best offer that could be obtained to-day for March, *standard* white, delivered in Philadelphia; *prime light straw to settle*, 30 cents for May, and an advance of 15c on each subsequent month up to December. Sale of 9000 bbls—2000 for May; 2000 for June, and 2000 for July, on private terms. Free oil is dull but unchanged—small jobbing sales at 42 to 43—demand restricted almost entirely to filling small orders.

ARRIVALS.—The following arrivals of oil were reported for the day:

D. Bly	53
G. Miller	101
Total	154

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, Feb. 19, 1867.

The supply of cattle was considerably larger than last week, reaching between eight and nine hundred head, but with an improved demand, the market was quite firm and active, and prices were well sustained, ranging from 5 to 8c, for common to prime fat retailing stock. Notwithstanding the increased offerings, there were but few, if any, except in the hands of dealers, and to this fact, partially at least, may be attributed the firmness which prevailed, and the regular sale. Railroad Jimmy Grey bought four car loads for shipment to New York; Myers & Needy shipped five car loads to Baltimore and two cars to the Central Yards at East Liberty, and Kraus & Haas sent two car loads to the same place.

SHEEP.

The market for Sheep was moderately active with an improved demand and ... prices compared with ... a shade higher, and we now ... for fair to prime fat ... way. Rice wholesold to Sheep, averag... & Co., at 6.65, and ... inch of Sheep was ...

... Hogs has restricted ... what, and while the ... market is quiet and a little dull, prices remain about as last week, ranging from 7½ to 8¾ gross, for common to prime heavy averages. Kurtz & Co. sold 25 head to Fullen at 7¾. Root to Emerick & Co., 15 head, averaging 200, at 7,80. Emerick & Co. report having retailed about 200 head during the week at prices ranging from 7¾ to 8¾.

REPORTED SALES OF CATTLE.

Emerick & Co. sold Kerwin & Martin 16 head of oxen, averaging 1400 lbs., at 6½. H. Glowood & Black sold Wholesaled three car loads of good Illinois steers to McAllister & Carr at 7¼, and this firm subsequently sold same bunch of cattle to Kinney Grey at a profit of $100. Myers & Needy retailed 100 head at 6 to 8. Greenwald & Kahn 67 head at 6¼ to 8. Kraus & Haas 46 head at 6½ to 7¾. Verner to Hartman 32 head at 6½ to 7,15. Shamberg sold 36 head of pretty good cattle, to this firm, at 8¼. Marks & Trauerman sold 17 head and cattle to Barney Grey at 7¼; retailed 65 head at 6¾ to 7¾. Rothchilds 32 head at 6½ to 7¾. Merrick & Dowd 38 head.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Financial Matters.

NEW YORK, February 19.—Money easy, at 5@6 call. Sterling firm, at 8⅝@9. Gold without decided change, opening at 136¾, advancing to 136¾, and closing at 136¾. Government stocks a shade better. Freights to Liverpool firmer, with engagements of 30,000 bus bels of corn, at 6¾c per sailing vessels.

There is a more buoyant feeling in financial circles this morning, based upon the prospect of the passage of Mr. Sherman's bill by the House. Money unchanged. Gold firmer. The Railway market opened with increased firmness and animation, which resulted in a sharp advance, and considerable activity at the open board. At the Stock Exchange the market was firm throughout call, with a fair demand generally. Afterwards prices declined about ½ per cent., but was partially recovered before the one o'clock board. There was an active demand for Government securities, with further general advance. The Stock market was steady at the one o'clock board, higher at the second board, and closed quite firm at the last open board. At 130 the prices were: New York Central 101¾; Erie 90¾; Hudson River 122; Reading 104; Michigan Southern 79; Pittsburgh 86½; Northwestern 35¾; preferred, 63¾; Rock Island 97⅝; Onio certificates 24@24; Pacific Mail 150½; Western Union Telegraph 69½; new Tennessee sixes 65; Missouri sixes and Pacific railroad 88; United States exposes 62; Advanced 62¼. Government Securities continued active and firm to the close. Coupons of '81, 110½; five-twenty coupons of '62, 111¾@111⅝; Ten-forty coupons, 103¾ @102. The Mining market was firm to-day and generally better. The great feature of the day was the Canton Company, which rose from 750 to 15,00. The stock closed strong, and was not offered except at high figures. Quilla & Fairmer 65; Artemus 95; Empire 125; Benton 110; Columbia 190; Dismukes 200@ 205; Quartz Hill 413.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, February 19.—A leading house reduced their prices on Prints to-day to 15½; this morning, which had the effect to bring buyers into the market in full force, and trade has been active all day. Most of the other house this afternoon put down the price of Amoskeng Prints 1, viz: to 15. Lowell, Nashawaag and Wamsutta, reduced at same time. In all respects the sales of the 14 and 15, which stimulated an active demand for these makes. In other goods no change of importance has occurred to notice. Cottons are still far from being freely. Woolens continue dull and languid, and less business is reported. Other cotton fabrics since it has become pretty well demonstrated that Congress will be unable to repeal the Tax on Cotton Goods without the consent of the President, which cannot be obtained for the House bill.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, February 19.—Cotton declining; middling uplands 32c. Flour opened rather more active and with a stronger tone; sales of 8,500 bbls, at $8,60@9,80 for superfine State; Western, $9,00@9,75; Western A White mark $9,85@10,75; choice $11,85@12,00; shipping brands of extra R. H. O. $10,60@11,50; Chain brands $11,50@12,85; extra Southern $12,10@ 16,50; closed quiet. Wheat is more active and steady. Rye is fair demand; sales of 11,500 bushels Western at $1,15@1,17; latter in store. Barley 2,000 bushels Canada West at $1,50. Barley rather more active; sales of 2,700 bushels Canada West, free, part at $1,12@ 1,13; Barley malt dull; sales of 1,000 bushels at $1,20. Corn is lower; sales of 78,000 bushels at $1,08@1,08½ for mixed Western, in store, and $1,09 afloat; $1,09 for white Western in store. Oats rather more active; sales of 60,000 bushels Western at 58@59c; state 59@ 60c. Rice dull; Carolina 10@11c. Pork firm; mess sales. Sugars less active and very firm; sales of 350 hhds Cuba at 10½@10¾c. Barley malt dull; sales of 1,000 bushels at $1,20. Corn is lower; sales of 78,000 bushels, at 108@1,08½ for mixed Western, in store, and $1,09 afloat; $1,09 for white Western in store. Oats rather more active; sales of 60,000 bushels Western at 58@59c; state 59@ 60c. Rice dull; Carolina 10@11c. Pork firm; mess sales. Sugars less active and very firm; sales of 350 hhds Cuba at 10½@10¾c. Barley malt dull; sales of 1,000 bushels at $1,20. Petroleum dull at $2 30; crude 18@20c, and 28@29c for refined in bond. Hops quiet and firm at 30@70c. Pork firmer, with more demand; sales of 4,000 bbls at $21,00@21,25 for mess, closing at $20 50 for Western, $19 62@ 19 75 for old mess, closing at $19 75 regular, $19 62@19 75 for prime mess, and $16@16,50 for prime mess; also 1,850 new mess at $20 87@21 25, seller and buyers March and April. Beef firm, sales of 450 bbls at former rates. Cut Meats rather heavy; sales of 250 bbls at $22@25; prices best quiet; sales of 700 at $28@30, 300 tierces at $22@23, and 100 tubs at $23@24, and irregular; sales of 300 boxes at 10@ 10½c for Cumberland, 10½@11c for short rib, and 12½c for short clear. Cut Meats firm and unchanged; sales of 150 bbls at 12½@13c for shoulders, and 13@13c for hams. Hogs—Dressed Hogs dull and lower; sales at 9@ 9½c. Lard is heavy; sales of 1,000 bbls at 11½c. Lard more active; sales of 1,000 bbls at 11½@ 12¾c for old, and 12@12½c for new. Butter dull at 28@30c for State, and 18@22c for Ohio. Whisky nominal at $2,25.

LATEST MARKETS, 5 P. M.—Flour closed dull, with sellers disposed to realize; 1,000 barrels of fair State were sold, at $10 40. Wheat 1@2c lower; sales of 30,000 bushels. Rye closed lower; 5,000 bushels of free Canada were sold, at $1,20. Corn dull and lower; sales of 100,000 bushels, mixed Western in store. Oats closed dull, at 59@ 59½c for Western. Pork closed dull, with sellers of May at $21 per cwt. Lard is dull; closed quiet. Lard closed steady, at 12½@ 12¾ for new Western. Cut meats closed quiet and unchanged.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, February 19.—Flour dull but unchanged; Trade brands, at $11,50@13,50; and fancy, at $13@16; the demand is local and limited. Wheat unchanged; No. 1 red, $2,42@2,50 for shipping, and $2,50@2,55 for extra; millers are buying freely. Barley dull, at $1,60 for the best fall. Cotton dull, owing to the large receipts at New Orleans, which were 17,000 bales against the last three days; middling upland, at 29@ 29½c and dull; the Liverpool advices helped to depress the market; the receipts the last three days were 3,500 bales. Provisions inactive, but prices are unchanged. There has been nothing done in either Mess Pork or Lard, and only the asking price can be given; Mess Pork is held at $20@20,50 for pork; and 12@12¼c for lard; but city mess pork is not salesable at $20; for lard at 12c Bacon is in fair demand; sales of 200,000 lbs at 7½c for loose; and 7¾c for sides, and 12c for hams; 9½c for shoulders; 10½c for sides; 12@12½c for clear rib and clear sides. Clover seed is quiet at $6,00@6,50. Timothy at $4,00@5,50. Flax seed $2,60@2,70. Butter dull at 28@30c for choice Ohio; and 33@ 35c western. Reserve cheese, Steady, at 16@ 16½c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, February 19.—Tobacco quiet and unchanged. Cotton quiet and very little doing at the following quotations: Low ordinary, 26c; good ordinary, 28c; low middling, 28c; strict middling, 29c; middling, 29½c; strict middling, 29c. Flour quiet and business small; choice spring superfine, $9@9,50; Extra, $10,25@10,50; double extra, $11,50@12,00; XXX and XXXX unchanged; no receipts. Corn more active and higher with small receipts; mixed and yellow, 79@79½; white, 80@80½. Oats stiff; good prime, 60@62c. Rye and Barley are quiet and unchanged. Provisions dull and drooping. Mess Pork, $19,25@ 19,50. Bacon, Shoulders, 9½c; Rib sides, 12½c; Clear Sides, 12½c; canvassed sugar cured hams, fine plain, 16c. Lard dull with no sales. Whisky firm and unchanged.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, February 19.—Flour more active and without decided change. Wheat quiet and firm; $2,18@2,20 for No. 1, and $1,96@2,00 for No. 2. Oats dull 39@39½c for No. 1, in store. Highwines nominal. Rather more doing in provisions, but general market still quiet. Mess Pork held at $20,00@20,75. Beef Hams in good request and firm. Sweet Pickled Hams in better request. Cut Meats in moderate demand; sales of Cumberland middles at 8½c; Loose Short Clear middles 10½c; Loose, 10½c. Packed Lard rather firmer; 11½@12c for prime steam rendered. Dressed Hogs quiet; sales at $7,35@7,65. Live Hogs quiet at 2@3c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, February 19.—Flour easier; Northwestern brands $11,50@12,50. Wheat easier; sales of 600 bushels California at $2,45. Rye quiet; sales of 600 bushels Pa. at $1,20. Corn firmer; sales of 3,000 bushels yellow at 80c. Oats dull at 56c. Coffee steady; sales of 300 sacks Laguyra at 18½c, in gold. Sugar in better demand, Havana at 12c. Molasses steady at 55c for Muscavado. Whisky $1,75 for confectioners.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, February 19.—Flour steady; sales of 300 bbls spring at $11,50. Wheat is in fair milling enquiry, sales of 105 bu No. 2 Chicago at about $2,37; 14,000 bu No. 2 Milwaukee at $2,30. Corn—new is active and lower; 17 cars new Toledo sold at 75@77c. Oats quiet; sales of 1,200 bbls at 52. Provisions—Lard and dressed hogs dull and unchanged. Rye neglected.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, February 19.—Coffee quiet. Rice, 13@13¾c, for prime cargo in bond. Flour dull and favors buyers. Wheat dull with no sales. Corn, white western has more sellers than buyers; mixed corn, rye, yellow, 93@96c. Oats dull at 53@56c. Rye, $1,25. Sugar quiet and steady. Provisions steady and unchanged. Lard, 12½@12¾c. Whisky nominal at $2,25.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, February 19.—Tobacco is fully sustained; 121 hhds, at $8@21. Grain unchanged. Flour is quiet. Corn, 80c. Rye $1,35. Raw Whisky, at $2,26. Mess Pork, at $21. Bacon; shoulders, at 10c, packed; clear sides, at 13c. Lard, at 12c in tierces. Cotton, at 28½c.

Milwaukie Market.

MILWAUKIE, February 19.—Flour is dull. Wheat is firm at $2,10 for No. 1, and $1,94@ 1,94½ for No. 2. Corn is steady at 81c for No. 1. Oats dull at 47c for No. 1. Provisions are steady. Mess Pork, $18,25.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Brush Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. no9:1y

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

MARSHALL, FULTON & BOLLMAN,

Only Manufacturers in the West of

HEAVY CORDAGE,

Suitable for Steam and Coal Boats.

HAWSER LAID OIL WELL ROPE.

Tarred Ropes for Coal Railroads,

HEMP OAKUM AND PACKING.

CAULKING COTTON, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 114 and 115 Water Street,

Near Monongahela House.

de31:tp48

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede slowly at this point, with less than fourteen feet in the channel by the marks last evening. The weather was less cloudy and considerably colder than during the preceding two days, but pleasant, nevertheless, and business was moderately active at the landing.

The Leni Leoti, for Parkersburg, was the only departure, while aside from the regular daily packets there were no arrivals. The Kenton from New Orleans, is due, and will doubtless be found in port this morning. This boat has been something like two months making the trip.

Capt. R. C. Grey returned from St. Louis on Monday, having been there as a delegate from Pittsburgh to River Improvement Convention. The rest of the delegation, we believe, got home last evening.

The Columbia, Capt. Geo. W. Reed, is filling up rapidly for Cincinnati, Louisville and Nashville, and will positively get out this evening or to-morrow morning. Passengers and shippers should make a note of this and act accordingly. The R. C. Gray Capt. Anderson is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville, leaving on Saturday without fail.

The Grey Eagle, Capt. C. L. Brennan, is the regular packet for Parkersburg to-day, leaving promptly at noon. The Eagle, under the administration of Capt. Brennan, is destined to become a very popular boat in this trade.

The Kate Porter, Capt. J. H. Porter, is filling up steadily for St. Louis, and will leave on Saturday without fail. The Porter is the regular line boat, and we have no doubt she will receive, as she deserves, a good trip.

As will be seen by card, the new steamer Ida Stockdale, Capt. Marsh, is announced for the Idaho gold regions.

The Lorena, en route from St. Louis to Pittsburgh, and the New York, en route Pittsburgh to St. Louis, were at Evansville on Sunday, and the Importer, en route from Cincinnati to Memphis, was at Cairo the same day.

Supervising Inspector Shield has reversed the decision of the local inspectors at Cincinnati suspending Lewis B. Martin, pilot, thirty days, for the collision between the steamers United States and Silver Spray. Martin was pilot of the latter boat at the time of the accident.

The Armenia, Capt. A. C. McCallum, Sr., is filling up steadily for New Orleans, and will be the first boat out. She will be followed by the Grey Republic, Capt. W. B. Donaldson.

The Louisville delegates to the River Improvement Convention at St. Louis have returned home in disgust. It seems that the St. Louis Board of Trade inaugurated the with a free pass over the New Albany and Chicago and Ohio and Mississippi Railroads, but the committee, representing the Louisville *Democrat*, "could'nt see it," and the aforesaid delegates were compelled to pay full fare. Served them right. They ought to have had none at all.

The Magnolia Hays and Argosy were advertised to leave Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Tuesday, and Wednesday, respectively, at Memphis for Pittsburgh on the 18th.

The Lotus No. 2 has been sold at New Orleans for $10,000, and will leave for Cincinnati, to Captain D. D. Daniel, for the sum of $10,000. She will ply the New Orleans and Red River trade.

We extract the following items from the Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Monday:

The Argosy came in from Pittsburgh with a full cargo including a full quantity of coal, sail from Pomeroy, and forty tons of wagons for reshipment to New Orleans. She registered 134 passengers on the list of arrivals to Pittsburgh to-morrow. The Silver Cloud No. 2 also arrived from Pittsburgh with a full cargo, in the boat and barge, including 600 pigs. She leaves this port for Cairo and the Upper Mississippi at 4 o'clock P. M.

The Golden Era and Silver Lake No. 1, from Pittsburgh, were due last night, and will doubtless be here this morning. Capt. W. Hanly & Co's. little trading steamer "Advertiser" made a pleasure excursion yesterday, to Big Bone Lick, and returned feet long, eight beam, with three feet depth of hold. She is commanded by Capt. John Wood, Jr., and Mr. Thomas Wood, engineer. She, from the house in this city, and cruise as high up the river as Parkersburg, soliciting, we believe, in Pittsburg started for Wheeling Saturday night, but the young doctor, hear Palentine, and returned here for repairs. The bla came in last evening, forty-three days out from Pittsburg, having been detained by ice and high water. She crippled one of her engines, between the Falls and Louisville, and had to come under the bridge, but being unable to stem the rapid current, landed at the foot of Race street, where she will remain for cotton. The Julia reshipped 500 plows on the Grosebeck.

Says the Wheeling *Intelligencer* of yesterday: The towboat V. E. Wilson passed up with a large number of barges, some of them loaded with coal, bound for Cairo and other ports on the Mississippi. We had a brief chat attraction, however, was the Kenton, from New Orleans. She had on a terrible load, consisting of everything almost that grows in the South, and a small more cotton on her than has been seen since the beginning of the war.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.—February 14—H bales cotton, A H Childs & co; 4 pkgs tobacco, McCullough & co; 100 bbls flour, Reading & Hood; 1 car boots, Schnellbach & Schott; 1 car staves, Raiya & Robertson; 100 bbls flour, J S Dilworth & co; 400 do do, Shoemaker & Lang; 125 sks barley, Bell & Ritchie; 1 car machinery, Bell & Ritchie & co; 25 sewing machines, W Sumner & co; 3 hhds tobacco, J M Martin and; 81 bbls flour, D Bly; 100 do do, Hadwen, Hay & Co; 1 car lard, Lard more active; sales of 1,000 bbls at 11¾ @12¾c for old, and 12@12½c for new. Butter dull at 28@30c for State, and 18@22c for Ohio. Whisky $1,75 for confectioners.

LATEST MARKETS, 5 P. M.—Flour closed dull, with sellers disposed to realize; 1,000 barrels of fair State were sold, at $10 40. Wheat 1@2c lower; sales of 30,000 bushels. Rye closed lower; 5,000 bushels of free Canada were sold, at $1,20. Corn dull and lower; sales of 100,000 bushels, mixed Western in store. Oats closed dull, at 59@ 59½c for Western. Pork closed dull, with sellers of May at $21 per cwt. Lard is dull; closed quiet. Lard closed steady, at 12½@ 12¾ for new Western. Cut meats closed quiet and unchanged.

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CHICAGO, February 19.—Flour more active and without decided change. Wheat quiet and firm; $2,18@2,20 for No. 1, and $1,96@2,00 for No. 2. Oats dull 39@39½c for No. 1, in store. Highwines nominal. Rather more doing in provisions, but general market still quiet. Mess Pork held at $20,00@20,75. Beef Hams in good request and firm. Sweet Pickled Hams in better request. Cut Meats in moderate demand; sales of Cumberland middles at 8½c; Loose Short Clear middles 10½c; Loose, 10½c. Packed Lard rather firmer; 11½@12c for prime steam rendered. Dressed Hogs quiet; sales at $7,35@7,65. Live Hogs quiet at 2@3c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, February 19.—Flour easier; Northwestern brands $11,50@12,50. Wheat easier; sales of 600 bushels California at $2,45. Rye quiet; sales of 600 bushels Pa. at $1,20. Corn firmer; sales of 3,000 bushels yellow at 80c. Oats dull at 56c. Coffee steady; sales of 300 sacks Laguyra at 18½c, in gold. Sugar in better demand, Havana at 12c. Molasses steady at 55c for Muscavado. Whisky $1,75 for confectioners.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, February 19.—Flour steady; sales of 300 bbls spring at $11,50. Wheat is in fair milling enquiry, sales of 105 bu No. 2 Chicago at about $2,37; 14,000 bu No. 2 Milwaukee at $2,30. Corn—new is active and lower; 17 cars new Toledo sold at 75@77c. Oats quiet; sales of 1,200 bbls at 52. Provisions—Lard and dressed hogs dull and unchanged. Rye neglected.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, February 19.—Coffee quiet. Rice, 13@13¾c, for prime cargo in bond. Flour dull and favors buyers. Wheat dull with no sales. Corn, white western has more sellers than buyers; mixed corn, rye, yellow, 93@96c. Oats dull at 53@56c. Rye, $1,25. Sugar quiet and steady. Provisions steady and unchanged. Lard, 12½@12¾c. Whisky nominal at $2,25.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, February 19.—Tobacco is fully sustained; 121 hhds, at $8@21. Grain unchanged. Flour is quiet. Corn, 80c. Rye $1,35. Raw Whisky, at $2,26. Mess Pork, at $21. Bacon; shoulders, at 10c, packed; clear sides, at 13c. Lard, at 12c in tierces. Cotton, at 28½c.

Milwaukie Market.

MILWAUKIE, February 19.—Flour is dull. Wheat is firm at $2,10 for No. 1, and $1,94@ 1,94½ for No. 2. Corn is steady at 81c for No. 1. Oats dull at 47c for No. 1. Provisions are steady. Mess Pork, $18,25.

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